THE WEATHER
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THE MORNING STAR
WILMINGTON

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REGARDLESS OF REPULSES, GERMANS DRIVE ALLIED FORCES TOWARD PARIS

Invading Army Daily Drawing Nearer to the French Capital According to Official Report Issued by the War Office at Paris—Progress of German Right Wing Forces the United Armies to Yield Further Ground

ENTIRE LINE IS ENGAGED IN GREAT BATTLE

Further Preparations Are Made at Paris to Withstand a Long Siege—German Aviator Repeats Flight Over the City and Drops Bombs But No One Hurt—Allies Rushing Reinforcements to Front to Aid in Present Battle

London, August 31. — Taken at its face value, the French official announcement issued late today, which mentions that the progress of the German right wing has forced the allies to yield further ground, would seem to indicate that the Germans, notwithstanding repulses, are making daily advances toward Paris.

The statement Sunday of Field Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British forces, spoke of fighting on the French left, but this, according to one report, resulted in the German right being slightly turned.

The Austrian invasion of Russia in the Lublin district, which aroused the apprehension of the allies, has, if Russian dispatches are to be relied on, been blocked, and the Muscovites claim to have turned the Russian defensive into an offensive action. There is no confirmation of the report that the Russians are in Koenigsberg.

If silence means that there is nothing doing, Sir John French's statement Sunday that the British had not been molested since Wednesday still holds good. Nothing is known by the public in London of new fighting either in Northern or Eastern France,

From Canada, India, Australia and South Africa the British army front will soon receive large reinforcements. Some of these troops are reported already to have landed in France.

In England the recruiting fever has not abated. At Liverpool today a battalion of a thousand business men was filled within an hour, and there was such an overflow that it was decided to enroll a second battalion.

The British government has started negotiations, through the American consul at Berlin, for an exchange with Germany and Austria of non-combatant prisoners.

LINES DRIVEN BACK.

Forces Retreat Slowly Toward French Capital, is Report from Paris.

Paris, Aug. 31.—The following official statement was issued tonight by the war office:

"The situation in general is actually as follows:

"First. In the Vosges and in Lorraine, it must be remembered, our forces, which had taken the offensive at the beginning of the operations and driven the enemy outside of our frontiers, afterwards underwent serious checks. Before Sarreburg and in the region of Morhajne, where they encountered solid defensive works, our forces were obliged to fall back and to re-form, one part on Couronne de Nancy and the other on the French Vosges.

"The Germans then assumed the offensive, but our troops after driving them back upon their positions, resumed the offensive two days ago. This attack continues to make progress also slowly. It is a veritable war of sieges, as each position occupied is ofrtified immediately.

"This explains the slowness of our advance, which is nevertheless characterized each day by fresh local successes.

The Main Theatre.

"Second. The region of Nancy and Southern Woevre, since the beginning of the campaign in this section between Metz on the German, and Toul and Verdun on the French side, has been the theatre of important operations.

"Third. In the direction of the Meuse, between Verdun and Mesieres, it will be remembered, the French forces took the offensive in the beginning toward Longwy, Neufchateau and Paliseul. The troops operating in the region of Spincourt and Longuyon have been able to check the enemy's army under the command of the German crown prince.

"In the region of Neufchateau and Paliseul on the other hand, certain of our troops have received partial checks, which obliged them to retire upon the Meuse without having their organization broken up. This retiring movement has compelled the forces operating in the neighborhood of Spincourt to withdraw also towards the Meuse.

Germans Repelled With Loss.

"During the last few days the enemy has endeavored to spread out from the Heuse with considerable forces but by a vigorous counter offensive they are repelled with very great losses.

"In the meantime fresh forces of Germans advanced on the district of Rethel (in Ardennes) marching in the direction of Rethel. Now a general action is taking place between the Meuse and Rethel and it still is impossible to see definitely the issue of this.

"Fourth. Operations in the north: The French and British forces originally took up positions in the Dinant (and Charleroi country and at Mons. They endured several repulses and the forcing of the Meuse by the Germans near Givet, upon our flank, compelled our troops to retire.

"The Germans seek continually to move toward the west. It was under these conditions that our English allies, attacked by the enemy in greatly superior numbers in the region of LeCoteau and Cambrai, have withdrawn toward the south, at the moment that our forces were operating in the direction of Avesnes and Chimay. The retiring movement was prolonged during several days.

"In the meantime a general battle took place in the region of St. Quentin and Vervins and at the same time in the Ham-Perronnes district. This battle was marked by an important success by our right, where we have thrown back the Prussian guard and the tenth army corps into the Oise.

Allies Make New Retirement.

"Owing to the progress of the German right wing, where our adversaries have united their best corps, we have had to make new retirement.

"On our right after partial checks, we have taken the offensive and the enemy is retiring before us.

"In the center we have had ternative checks and successes, but a general action is now being fought.

"On our left by a series of circumstances which turned in favor of the Germans and despite plucky counter attacks, the Anglo-French forces were obliged to give way. As yet our armies, notwithstanding a few incontestable checks, remain intact."

"CANNOT BE BEATEN."

German Ambassador at Washington Gives Out Additional Statements.

New York, Aug. 31.—Count Johann Von Bernstorff, German ambassador to the United States, received from Berlin two more messages which he made public tonight. One of them told of the capture of about 30,000 Russian soldiers and many high officers, as previously announced by the German embassy at Washington. The other message reads:

"Rotterdam newspaper correspondent was eye-witness of perfidious attack of population at Louvain on German troops. Franc Tirewrs shot with Mitrailleuse. Officers of general staff found with throat cut. In longwy machines for the fabrication of the dumdum cartridges were found——"

Here the text of the message became so garbled as to be unintelligible. The words "Evacuated," "French garrison" and "30,000" appeared.

Discussing the conflict, the ambassador said it was "the war of the German nation, man for man."

"Germany did not begin the war," he said. "She did not want war; she is and always has been willing to have peace."

"France and Great Britain are defeated on land," the ambassador declared, and have only recruits or volunteers to send against the Germans.

"We cannot be beaten," he said. "That is why we have taken about 40,000 men from the western border to the eastern border to oppose the Russians."

Count Von Bernstorff said that Germany has more than well enough trained and thoroughly equipped men still on the western boundaries, to cope with the combined attacks of the allies, even with their replenishment of reserves.

He said that the winning of the war on land wa sthe all-important thing, since the defeat of the German navy by a greater navy was not unexpected, the German navy being intended simply as a coast defense rather than an invading power.

TORPEDO BOAT FIRED ON.

Japanese Vessel Went Aground and Abandoned—Germans Fire.

Tsing Tau, Aug. 31.—A Japanese torpedo boat destroyer went ashore on Lieu-Tau Island during a fog last night. When the fog cleared this morning, the Tsing Tau batteries attempted to shell the destroyer, but the latter proved to be beyond their range.

The German gunboat Jaguar, however, steamed out of the harbor and fired eight shots in the stranded warship and returned unmolested by the other Japanese vessels that are blockading the port.

The Jaguar reported that the crew had abandoned the destroyer which can be seen from Tsing Tau breaking on the rocks. Four Japanese destroyers and one cruiser now form the blockading squadron.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK.

German Cruiser Gets in Effective Work Off Coast of South America.

New York, Aug. 31.—The British steamship Holmwood has been sunk by an unnamed German cruiser off the coast of South America, according to a cablegram received here today from Rio Janeiro by the owners of the Katherine Park, which has the crew of the ship aboard.

The Holmwood, of 4,223 tons gross register was on her way from Newport, England, to Bahia Blanco. The ship was 375 feet long, was built in 1902 and was owned by F. S. Holland, of London.

HERRICK WILL STAY.

American Ambassador Will Remain in Paris, Where His Duty Calls.

Paris, September 1.—Asked if the United States embassy would leave Paris in event of the investment of the city by the Germans, Myron T. Herrick, the American ambassador, said:

"The American embassy will remain here. My government offered me the choice of returning to the United States or remaining here. I chose to remain because many Americans will be here who will need not only my support but my protection."

When reminded of the difficulty that attached to and the dangers involved

(Continued on Page Two).

WAR DEVELOPMENTS AT A GLANCE.

A long official statement is issued by the French war office reviewing the operations in Belgium and along the French frontier. A new retirement by the allied forces is recorded, while at the same time the statement is optimistic with reference to the opposition which the French and British are offering to the German advance. No definite details are forthcoming, regarding the general battle which apparently is in progress all along the line.

The French war minister has inspected the supplementary defences around Paris, which are being rapidly pushed forward in anticipation of a possible investment of the French capital.

An Antwerp dispatch credits General Pau with a victory over 50,000 Germans near Peronnes. Whether this is a new victory or one to which reference was made several days ago, is not known.

Queen Elizabeth, of Belgium, and her children have arrived in England.

According to official advices received at Washington, France is considering the advisability of moving the seat of government to Bordeaux.

Great Britain has joined France in objecting to the purchase by the United States of German liners in connection with the plan to build up an American merchant marine.

It is reported by steamship officers arriving at Honolulu that British warships off Hong Kong are holding up all vessels, including those under the American flag, and removing Germans and Austrians bound to the scene of the hostilities.

The moratorium proclaimed at the outbreak of the war in Great Britain has been extended for another month.

A Japanese destroyer which ran ashore near Tsing Tau, China, was shelled by a German gunboat. The crew of the destroyer previously had abandoned her.

CARRANZA CLOSES PORT OF VERA CRUZ

But State Department Sees No Unfriendly Act.

FUNSTON MAKES REPORT

Some Think That Constitutionalist President of Mexico Took Move as Protest Against American Troops.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Provisional President Carranza has ordered the port of Vera Cruz closed, according to official advices to the American Government. General Funston transmitted a long report on the complications which might result, but State Department officials were not inclined to regard it as an unfriendly action. During the Huerta regime Vera Cruz was similarly closed, but foreign vessels paid little attention to the order.

Carranza's decree would prevent Mexican ships from putting in at Vera Cruz, and if enforced in an unfriendly way, might exact heavy penalties from foreign vessels entering any other Mexican port after they touched at Vera Cruz. General Funston called attention to the possibility that foreign ship owners desiring not to incur the displeasure of the Carranza administration, might hesitate to send cargoes to Vera Cruz, diminishing the food supply of the city.

In some quarters there was a disposition to regard Carranza's attitude as one of resentment against the continued occupancy of Vera Cruz by American troops, but State Department officials did not share this view. An interruption in railway traffic between Vera Cruz and Mexico City recently occurred, but as soon as General Funston announced he would keep all rolling stock in Vera Cruz until traffic was resumed, the Mexican authorities explained that they were using the trains to transport troops and immediately adjusted the schedules.

Paul Fuller, personal representative of President Wilson, is due in Mexico City tomorrow to discuss with the government there questions relating to the American occupation of Vera Cruz as well as differences between Carranza and Villa. Although administration officials have not announced their position in any formal way, it is generally understood that recognition will be withheld until a complete agreement between the two chieftains has been reached and arrangements made for a constitutional election.

MINERS THREATEN TO DESTROY CITY

Butte, Montana, Will be Razed if Soldiers Come.

GIANT POWDER AND OIL

Will Not Fight With Soldiers, But Citizens Will be Made to Suffer for Their Coming, is the Threat Made by Leaders.

Butte, Mont., August 31.—Miners openly threatened tonight to lay the town in ashes, if either State or Federal troops attempt to enter Butte. One of the miners' leaders declared they did not purpose to fight the soldiers, but they would wreak vengeance upon the business men for bringing the soldiers to Butte.

"We have quantities of dynamite and oil," said one leader, "and the troops will find ashes." Hitherto the majority of the miners have not credited the report that the militia was being mobilized as the local newspapers withheld the news on request of business men who feared that its publication would excite the miners. But today a Helena editor brought an automobile load of newspapers to Butte for sale and news boys soon began crying the news of the mobilization.

Calls immediately went forth from President "Muckie" MacDonald and the other leaders for a secret meeting of the union miners. Later a committee of miners was sent to the railroad depots to see if the troops had arrived.

The miners called another meeting for tonight. The electric light plant and all the larger stores were guarded by many armed men, as were the mines. On the attic floor of the court house there were stationed fifty guards armed with rifles.

County Attorney J. J. McCaffery issued a warrant for the arrest of the Helena editor on a charge of inviting a disturbance, but he had left the city.

All ammunition in the hardware stores has been removed and firing pins have been taken from the rifles.

London, September 1. — Among the Americans who reached London from the continent yesterday were President John Grier Hibben, of Princeton University; President Edwin Anderson Alderman, of the University of Virginia; Richard Cleveland, son of ex-President Cleveland, and James Spratt, of Florida.

AMERICAN LINERS HALTED IN PACIFIC

British Cruisers Take Off Germans and Austrians.

AS PRISONERS OF WAR

If Arrests Were Made in Three Mile Limit of Hong Kong Nothing Can Be Done, But If Upon High Seas Trouble May Result.

Honolulu, Aug. 31.—The American liners Manchuria and China, of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Oriental fleet, were halted by British warships off Hong Kong and forced to surrender sixty German and Austrian reservists bound for the European war from the Philippines. This was the news brought by Capt. Thompson and Purser Landers, of the China, which arrived here today bound for San Francisco.

According to officers of the China, the Germans and Austrians before starting on their journey ,asked for and received assurances from Washington that they could not be molested on an American registered vessel. Then they took passage for San Francisco via Hong Kong, Shanghai, Nagasaki and Honolulu.

On arriving at Hon Kong, the vessels were halted by ships of the British fleet, the passengers were summoned for inspection and required to give their nationality at the call of the purser's roll. Those who appeared to be Germans or Austrians and could not prove otherwise were taken to Stone Cutter's Island for detention. Two Germans aboard the China claimed Swiss citizenship and were not held. All the German residents of Hong Kong have been held, Captain Thompson reports.

Manila newspapers of August 8th, arriving here, confirm the captain's story.

NOTHING UNUSUAL.

For Belligerent Vessel to Search Liners —Passenger Part Undecided.

Washington, Aug. 31.—State Department officials did not regard as unusual the reported removal of German and Austrian reservists from American ships off Hong Kong, provided the incident occurred within the three mile limit of the British port. Inasmuch as Hong Kong is under British jurisdiction her warships could arrest the nationals of any belligerent within territorial waters.

What might be the opinion of the American Government if the reservists were taken from American vessels on the high seas is undetermined. State Department officials said tonight no complaint of that character had been placed before them. The right of search for contraband of cargoes on the high seas is accorded by all nations to belligerent ships, but the right to take a passenger from a neutral ship on the high seas long has been in dispute and no official of the department was willing to express an opinion.

NO ADVICES TO COMPANY.

Owners of Vessels Know Nothing of Report That Ships Boarded.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company has no advices here from its Oriental agents that there has been any boarding of or interference with its vessel under the American flag.

The Manchuria followed the China from Hong Kong and should no wor shortl ybe at Yokohama. Supposedly, the China got her information from the Manchuria by wireless.

CHASED BY GERMAN CRUISER.

Japanese Liner Out-Distanced War Vessel and Reached Port.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—The Japanese liner Chiyo Maru, which arrived here today, reports that on the night of August 29th she was chased for four hours by a German cruiser, but escaped by crowding on all speed.

The cruiser apepared about 8:30 P. M. and threw her searchlight on the Chiyo. Capt. Green, who is British, detailed an extra force of stokers and soon was making 21 knots. At this speed he was able to out-distance the cruiser.

The only German cruisers known to be in Pacific waters are the Leipsig and the Nurnberg. They had been in southern waters a long time when war broke out and must be foul, which is what the officers of the Chiyo believe enabled their vessel to escape.

Passengers on the Chiyo reported that travel between Japan and all but American and Canadian ports has been suspended.

VESSEL IS FINED.

Entered Norfolk Harbor Without Bill of Health—May be Remitted.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 31.—The second vessel to be fined for entering this port without a bill of health was the Dutch steamer Treacle, which entered today and the penalty of $5,000 was imposed by customs authorities. Her master, Capt. Swart, said he sailed from West Hartlepool, England, light because he could obtain no cargo. Shipping is in such a disorganized state on the other side, he said, that there was great difficulty in getting proper bills of health, and other clearance papers.

ALL THREE ALLIED NATIONS OBJECT

To the United States Buying German Liners

FOR MERCHANT MARINE

French, Russian and British Diplomats at Washington Make Strong Representations to Wilson and Bryan.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Great Britain, France and Russia have advised the United States informally that they would look with disfavor on the purchase by this government of German merchant steamers to relieve conditions growing out of the European war and also to build up an American merchant marine. While not convayed in any diplomatic correspondence, their position nevertheless has been vigorously set forth to President Wilson and Secretary Bryan.

France took the initiative, Ambassador Jusserand carrying his objections to President Wilson in his recent interview at the White House. George Bahkmeteff, the Russian ambassador, conferred with the British and French ambassadors today and later saw Secretary Bryan. All three diplomats held that there was no precedent in international law for the purchase by o neutral nation of any great quantity of ships from a belligerent.

The chief objection urged is that the transaction would establish a large gold credit in the hands of Germans.

The diplomats point out that the German steamship companies are closely affiliated with the German government and to buy their ships, now marooned in American ports, would be tantamount to furnishing Germany with a large loan. Should the American government, however, distribute its purchases of ships equally among the belligerent nations, they do not believe there would be objection from any quarter.

Crews Could Not Land.

Considerable difficulty would arise, however, it is asserted, if, for instance, the crew of a German vessel purchased by the United States were maintained on it as the English and French government's would not allow the nationals of any belligerent to lnad from neutral ships at their ports.

Aside from the question of her financial aid to Germany and complications over the crews of the vessels the European diplomats who are opposed to the plan believe difficulties would arise with reference to the cargoes of the American ships. Their effort in the present war has been to sweep German commerce from the seas and they look upon any means to supply food to Germany or Austria as an unneutral act.

Administration officials here have declared that the new ships would carry only articles which were specifically defined as not contraband of war but it is the belief of the diplomats that their governments would object even to conditional contraband, thus restricting considerably any commerce with belligerents.

The European diplomats have endeavored to point out that they desire in no way to interfere with the upbuilding of an American merchant marine and wish it success in neutral countries, but they think the American government's ships could not be available for commerce with the belligerent countries of Europe.

BELLIGERENTS AGREE

For Wireless Stations to Send Code Messages Properly Censored.

Washington, August 31. — Both Germany and Great Britain have accepted the proposal of the United States that the wireless stations at Tuckerton, N. J., and Sayville, L. I., be permitted to send code messages to belligerent countries, subject to censorship by American naval officers.

The subject still is a matter of discussion in diplomatic channels, but a formal announcement of the government's decision now is believed to be possible in a few days.

The Tuckerton station has been closed because it had no license from the Department of Commerce, but it is understood that arrangements are under way for its renewed operation. Both the Sayville and Tuckerton stations will have to satisfy the American government that they are not directly or indirectly owned by the German government, and it is considered probable that Great Britain may object to the handling of messages at the American end of the wireless stations by subjects of another belligerent nation.

Both Germany and Great Britain rejected as impracticable a suggestion that British and French cables be used for cipher messages to all belligerents, previously censored by the United States.

LARGE SUM IS RAISED.

By Fete on the Vanderbilt Estate for American Red Cross Work.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 31.—As a result of the fete held last Friday at the summer home of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt $40,000 will be remitted to the International Red Cross Association for impartial distribution in relief of those suffering in foreign lands by reason of the present war. This sum, according to the report tonight of the standing committee, will be followed by another contribution from the same source.

HAND FROM GRAVE STIRS ASHEVILLE

Sensation Caused by Will of Dead Citizen.

LUMBERMAN OF WEALTH

Geo. E. Lewis, After Living There 25 Years Under Assumed Name, Dies Leaving Property to Two Wives.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Asheville, N. C., Aug. 31.—Reaching back across the grave to cast a bomb shell into the ranks of his friends and neighbors, the hand of George Lewis Fox, known for years in Asheville as George F. Lewis, operating through his will, filed today, has stirred Asheville as it has not been stirred in years.

According to the will, Mr. Lewis' name is George Lewis Fox, the woman with whom he has lived under the name of Lewis for over 25 years is Mrs. C. E. Lewis and his real wife is Mrs. Martha A. Fox, of Baltimore, Md.

The will leaves all of his property, stated at approximately $40,000, to his wife, Mrs. Fox, and his daughter, Mrs. Fannie May Hammond, said to be the wife of a prominent railroad official in Maryland.

To Mrs. Lewis is left the home place, with a tract of 50 acres, which is to remain in her possession for six years, at the end of which time it goes to Mrs. Fox and Mrs. Hammond.

Since coming to Asheville, Mr. Fox, or Mr. Lewis as he was known here, has adopted and raised two children, Louise and Katie Kilpatrick.

To Louise he left $300 on the condition that she does not marry Joe Lygthie for seven years after Mr. Lewis' death.

Even in this idea he was thwarted, as the couple were married while he lay ill.

The will has caused a profound sensation here.

Lewis, alias Fox, was a prominent lumberman and was well known throughout this section of the State.

WAR BULLETINS

Washington, August 31.—France is considering the advisability of moving the seat of her government from Paris to Bordeaux, as a precautionary measure, according to official advices received here today.

London, Aug. 31.—An official telegram received in London declares that fresh forces of Germans have made their appearance in Prussian frontier and at some points they are taking the offensive against ths Russians.

London, August 31.—The war risks insurance committee announced today a reduction, beginning tomorrow, in the rate of ship cargo insurnace to two guineas per cent. from the prevailing three guineas per cent.

Washington, August 31.—Seventy thousand British troops for three days held in check two hundred thousand Germans, until relieved by French reinforcements, according to information here today through neutral diplomats. The advices did not give the place of the battle.

London, September 1.—Premier Asquith and Arthur J. Balfour, the latter a leader of opposition in the House of Commons, are to speak in the historic Guild Hall, here this week, to encourage recruiting. The hall will be used as a recruiting station.

Tsi Na, Shan Tung, China, August 31. Cannonading was heard here at intervals throughout the day. It is believed the Tsing Tau forts are engaged with the vessels of the Japanese blockading fleet.

Paris, Aug. 31.—A German biplane passed over Paris at 4:30 P. M. today and dropped a projectile which, however, did not explode.

London, Aug. 31.—An Antwerp dispatch to the Reuter's Telegram Company says: "It is reported here that General Pau has won a brilliant victory over 50,000 Germans near Peronnes, in the department of Somme."

London, Aug. 31.—Queen Elizabeth, of Belgium, with her children arrived tonight in England.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The American Red Cross announced today that it had chartered the steamer Hamburg of the Hamburg-American Line which will be re-named the "Red Cross" and sail on Saturday for Europe.

Rome, via London, Aug. 31.—The Messagero publishes a telegram from Sofia, Bulgaria, which says the Austrians have suffered an irreparable defeat at Zamose, in Russian Poland, 60 miles southeast of Lublin.

London, Aug. 31.—David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, announced in the House of Commons tonight that the moratorium would be extended a month. It would be too risky, he said, to end it at once.

CONTROVERSY OVER IRELAND.

Makes Its Appearance in House of Commons for Moment Yesterday.

London, Aug. 31.—For a moment today the House of Commons reverted to the controversy over Ireland. Premier Asquith had announced that, on re-assembling September 9th, the government would proceed with the home rule and Welsh establishment bills and John Redmond expressed hope that, if the government's proposal did not meet wit hthe approval of the whole house, the government would not change its intention in regard to home rule.

Former Premier A. J. Balfour declared if the government again introduced home rule, its course would arouse a torrent of abuse. This pronouncement brought an angry roar from the ministerialists. He said that to introduce the bill while members were serving at the front, could only arouse heated controversy.

Again the ministerialists roared: "Shame," which cry was met with angry counter cheers from the opposition. There was another angry shout from the nationalists and ministerialists when the House proceeded with other business.

SENSATIONAL SEQUEL TO PRIMARY IN WAKE

Returns Tampered With After First Count, is Charge.

And by the Operation Sawyer Would Have Nomination for Register by Four Votes Over Wood. Fight.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 31.—A sensation developed in the session of the board of canvassers late this afternoon canvassing the returns from the Democratic legalized primary Saturday when it was charged by friends of Arch J. Wood that the returns from Caraleigh precinct had been changed to show for W. H. Sawyer 77 instead of 61 votes and Wood 14 instead of 20 voteg claimed to have been originally announced by officers of the polling place, so that Sawyer, on the face of the total returns for the county, had the nomination for register of deeds over Wood by four votes.

Both sides employed counsel and the hearing continued from 5 o'clock this afternoon to 9 tonight, and then a recess was taken to Tuesday noon with counsel for Wood threatening to have every man registered in the Caraleigh precinct summoned to testify as to how he voted.

The precinct officers and others were examined tonight without any definite result as showing that there had been any tampering with the returns. The board recounted the votes for Caraleigh and found 74 for Sawyer and 13 for Wood. This leaves Sawyer four majority in the county returns as nominee if sustained.

GREENSBORO A CENTER OF POLITICAL ACTIVITY.

Two Parties Will Have State Headquarters There.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, N. C., Aug. 31.—This city will be the center of considerable political activity for the next ten weeks. Here will be established the State headquarters of two political parties, the district headquarters of at least two candidates for congressman, and the county headquarters of the three leading parties in the State. The management of all these campaigns are beginning to show some activity and are getting offices, stationery and employes.

Gilliam Grissom, of Spray, secretary of the Republican State executive committee, has been here this week arranging for headquarters for the campaign of his party. He will bring his family here and he and Mrs. Grissom will make this their home until the election. He declares that he will wage a vigorous campaign and that people of the state may expect large gains in the Republican vote.

The officers of the Progressive executive committee and also of the Roosevelt Republicans have been instructed to make Greensboro state headquarters. So far they have not rented offices, but it is known that they propose to do so.

This is Congressman Stedman's home town and headquarters. His campaign will probably be directed by his secretary, J. Elmer Long, of Graham. Maj. Stedman has written friends here that he believes it will be impossible for him to make any campaign this year on account of the prolonged session of Congress. He hopes to get in the district soon and make some speeches.

TWO NEW RESORT HOTELS.

One to Be Built at Nags Head and One at Blue Springs.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Aug. 31.—Information that Nags Head, in Dare county, a point which has long been the mecca of summer visitors in search of quiet and rest, is to have a modern hotel, has reached this city and a number of prominent business men in this section are contemplating taking stock in the new enterprise. C. B. Pugh, a member of the well known law firm of Worth & Pugh, of Elizabeth City, first conceived the idea of erecting this modern hotel at Nags Head and for months he has been working on the proposition.

The Eastern Carolina Transportation Company, of Elizabeth City, are backing Mr. Pug hi nthe matter and much of the stock has already been subscribed among the business men of Eastern North Carolina. The plans as suggested for the new hotel include a three-story building consisting of fifty or more rooms. Plans are also being made for the erection of a hotel at the famous Blue Springs, on the Norfolk Southern, near Askin. These springs are owned by a company composed of D. E. Henderson, of this city, and others. This also is to be a building containing fifty rooms and will be modern in every particular. Blue Springs have recently become extremely popular in this section on account of the qualities of the mineral water which they furnish and the owners believe that a resort erected there will fill a long felt want.

LETTER OF COMMENDATION.

Received by Gunners Mate for Fearless Diving—From Secretary Daniels.

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 31.—Gunner's Mate A. A. Irwin, of the battleship Louisiana, which is receiving repairs at the local navy yard, has received a letter of commendation from Secretary of Navy Daniels, for fearless and excellent diving while his ship was drifting at sea following a recent accident to her propeller shaft.

Irwin worked under serious difficulties and was engaged in diving for over ten hours. He was called upon to handle heavy lines under water and did it in such an efficient manner that he was specialy mentioned in the erport of the accident made to the Department by his superior officers.

SPANISH WAR VETERANS.

Gather at Louisville for Annual Convention and Reunion.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 31.—Concerted action looking to the enactment of Federal legislation which would provide pensions for the widows and orphans of Spanish-American war veterans was recommended in the report of the legislative committee of the United Spanish-American War Veterans in annual session here today. It is estimated that 2,000 veterans attended the opening session of the convention. Commander-in-chief John W. Lewis, of Washington, presided. Welcoming addresses and reports of officers occupied the day.

REPUBLICANS SEE TROUBLE AFAR-OFF

Impolitic to Discuss Philippine Bill Now

DURING EUROPEAN WAR

Minority Report from Republican Members of House Insular Affairs Committee—Too Close to German Possessions.

Washington, Aug. 31.—"The nations involved in the Far Eastern struggle have many interests and territorial possessions in close proximity to the Philippines, and to discuss the disposition of the Philippines at this time would be impolitic and extremely unwise," declared a minority report of the House Insular Affairs committee today on the pending Philippine independence bill.

The report, signed by the Republicans of the committee, declares Japan might seize all of Germany's Pacific possessions.

"A distinguished Japanese," said the report, "once observed that the Philippine archipelago is but a continuation of their own. Territorially we are in close relations with Japan, one of the nations now at war."

"Still closer are our territorial relations with Germany. The Samoan Island, in the South Pacific, are divided between England, Germany and the United States.

"Hawaii, with 191,000 population, has 80,000 Japanese and only 10,000 Americans. This group of islands, in the center of the Pacific, probably is the most desirable strategic point in the world.

"It is true Japan has stated that her offensive operations would be confined to Kiao-Chow, but why should they, from Japan's point of view? If, angered by stubborn resistance, severe losses and, pressed by an already aroused war spirit among her people, Japan should seize all of Germany's Pacific possessions, no one would be surprised.

Debate Would be Fatal.

"To enter on debate in which all our relations and interests in the Pacific would be discussed and our rights in the Philippines, Hawaii, Samoa and Guam, challenged, would be to encourage disregard to our interests and lead nations with opposing interests to believe that the United States would not go far in defense of possessions so lightly regarded by those in control of this government. To make the world believe we are anxious to get rid of the Philippines is to invite aggression which would mean war."

The report was signed by Representatives Towner, Iowa; Miller, Minnesota; Fess, Ohio; Young, North Dakota; Peters, Maine, and Frear, of Wisconsin, who advocated immediate legislation to meet commercial emergency needs in the Philippines.

The report declares that the minority do not object to the conservative features of the Jones bill, which provides for recognition of Philippine independence when the Filipinos are able to set up a stable government, but adds:

"It is significant that the bill is so much less radical than the Philippine independence bill of two years ago, and so much further from a declaration of independence and gives the Filipinos so much less extension of autonomous government.

"Two years ago the Democrats were clamoring for immediate or quick independence. Now they do not even suggest an early independence. It is unfortunate that the consideration of the bill is forced in partisan politics.

"Minority would be glad to consider at any time any bill for the benefit of the Philippines and to extend to them from time to time a larger measure of self government.

"It is unwise to consider at this time the complete change in the government of the Philippines. There is a great need just now of emergency legislation to which there would be little or no objection. A bill to increase the limit of indebtedness from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000 or any other emergency measure could be reported out at once and pass without objection. As to the other branch of Congress (the Senate) an emergency measure will receive immediate consideration, but this bill will not be even considered in committee there during the present session or possibly not at all in the Senate at the short session."

Representative Towner today introduced a bill increasing the limit of indebtedness to the Philippine government to $15,000,000 at any one time.

CALLS FOR FIGURES.

National Banks Must Send Reply to Federal Reserve Board.

Washington, August 31.—The Federal Reserve Board today sent National banks which are to become members of the new Federal Reserve system a request for a complete statement of excess of liability on the 31st of August to be used in opening of the new system. The board asked also from what cities balances would be drawn to pay first installments of subscription to a reserve bank, what amount each bank expected to pay in gold or gold certificates out of funds in its own vault; what amounts will be withdrawn from reserve agents; how much each bank expects to transfer in cash to its Federal Reserve bank under the new reserve requirements and what amount each bank desires to re-discount with its Federal Reserve bank in order to pay part of its reserve in negotiable paper.

MILEAGE GOES UP.

Pennsylvania Road Announces It Will Charge Two and a Quarter Cents.

Philadelphia, Aug. 31.—The Pennsylvania Railroad company announced today that it had filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission notice that beginning October 1st the charge for open and inter-changeable mileage books shall be at the rate of 2 1-4 cents per mile instead of 2 cents as at present. The company in a statement further announced:

"As the Inter-State Commerce Commission has declared it to be a matter of public policy that each branch of the railroad's service should contribute its proper share to the cost of operation and of return upon the property devoted to the use of the public, the Pennsylvania railroad also intends to make certain othe rreadjustments in passenger rates. These will be announced later."

REGARDLESS OF REPULSES GERMANS DRIVE ALLIES ON

(Continued from Page One.)

in distinguishing Americans from English, Mr. Herrick said:

"Perhaps there will be danger, but after all we have only one life to give, and how better can a life be given than in the faithful discharge of one's duty."

The U. S. cruiser Tennessee, on Mr. Herrick's request, is expected to arrive at Havre today, there to be held in readiness for use as a ferry between Havre and Falmouth, England, for taking Americans out of the danger zone.

WITNESSED NAVAL BATTLE.

Those Who Saw It Tell of Sinking of German Cruisers by British.

Berlin, via Copenhagen to London, Aug. 31.—An eye witness of the loss of the German cruiser Ariadne and the German torpedo boat destroyer V-157 in the fighting between British and German warships off Helgoland Friday relates the following story of the fight:

"The destroyer was surprised in a fog by a large number of British destroyers and submarines. When the speed of the German destroyer became affected by the English shells it turned and confronted the entire enemy with the intention of fighting to the end. Her engines, however, soon completely failed her and she was blown up to prevent capture. Her crew continued firing until the boat disappeared beneath the waves."

The narrator acknowledges the efforts of the British seamen to save the German sailors, saying that, despite the danger involved, they launched their boats for this purpose.

"While this was in progress," he continues, "a German ship approached the British forces and their boats and the German ships picked up many survivors.

"The cruiser Ariadne arrived and followed the enemy which retired westward and found another German ship fighting two British battle cruisers of the Lion class, which were greatly superior to the German.

"The Adiadne attacked gamely, but a shell but half of her boilers out of commission. Despite this the fight continued. Then the quarterdeck took fire, but those of her guns that still were capable of being worked continued to fire. The enemy turned westward.

"The forecastle of the Ariadne was soon ablaze. Her magazine was flooded but the gallant vessel was noomed. Her crew was mustered and gave three cheers for the Emperor and sang the hymn, 'Germany Above All.'

"The sinking of the ship probably was due to the explosion of her magazine.

"The enemy vanished and two German ships came and rescued the survivors, among whom were a great number of wounded.

"Three officers and some 70 men were killed."

WAR'S RAVAGE APPALLING.

Refugees Tell of Destruction of Towns, Factories and Homes.

London, Aug. 31.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Ostend says that a small party, which has returned there from Liege, describes the destruction wrought by the war as appalling.

"All along the road to Vise," said one of the party, "there was nothing to be seen but walls blackened by smoke, the remains of burned factories, mounds of earth freshl ydug—the sepulchres of the first Germans to fall.

"An dthen comes Vise. What a painful sight for those who knew the proud city, so typical of Walloon gaiety and no wnothing but a mass of ruins, while many of the inhabitants lie all over the place, their chests riddled with bullets. It was told here that the natives were put to work building roads for the invaders from Vise to Aix-La-Chapelle.

"On the way to Argenteau we met a procession of able-bodied men marching four abreast and commanded by a non-commissioned officer, all carrying implements for road or trench building. The men had to submit to discipline draconic in severity.

"Hersal ,usually filled with the busy hum of activity in factories, coal mines and workshops, we found plunged into deathly silence.

"At last we entered Liege. The inhabitants stood at the thresholds of their homes, silent and anxious, but afraid to speak. The streets in the midst of the town wore a deplorable aspect. Many houses had been abandoned. Their doors and windows were shattered and their contents had been removed. Nobody but soldiers were to be seen. The place de L'Universite, the Rue Des Pitteurs, and the Qui Des Pecheurs had been burned."

CONCERNING PRIZE COURTS.

England Anxious to Simplify Form of Court to Hasten Commerce.

Washington, Aug. 31.—British embassy officials are in constant communication with the State Department with a view to expediting the organization of English prize courts and simplifying the machinery for their operation. Sir Cecil Spring Rice, British ambassador, called at the department today in this connection, it is understood. The British government is anxious to have the courts begin sittings that neutral commerce which may be a part of the cargo of prizes, may be restored promptly to its legal owners and the American government shares in the British desire for simplicity and expedition.

In cases of capture at sea, according to international law, it becomes the first duty of the captor to convey the prize to a port of its own or one of its allies for adjudication by special tribunals which may sit in the ports of territory of a belligerent or those of an ally, but not in neutral ports.

The function of these courts is solely to determine whether the capture was legally made and in arriving at decisions the stipulations of treaties are obligatory upon the nations which have agreed to them and prize courts bound to respect these treaties in settling these controversies between the subjects or citizens of signatory powers.

The second Hague peace conference provided for tribunal of appeal in prize cases.

CANADIAN CRUISER READY.

Will Take Service Today—Machinery Overhauled After Three Years.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 31.—The Canadian cruiser Niobe goes into active service tomorrow, sailing from Halifax on a short trial voyage to test her machinery, which has been overhauled after three years of idleness. The cruiser soon will join the squadron of British cruisers patrolling the Atlantic coast.

The Duke of Connaught, Governor-General of Canada, went to Halifax Saturday to see the Niobe put into commission and to witness the departure of the Royal Canadian regiment which is being taken to Bermuda to relieve British troops which are being taken back to England for active service.

The Canadian regulars at Halifax will be replaced by a garrison from the militia for a time. There will be an adequate convoy for the troops from Halifax to Bermuda and for those who are going back to England. It is possible that the Niobe will be sent to Quebec to act as convoy to the Princess Patricia light infantry, and will accompany their troop ship to a point in the Atlantic where they join the ships and convoy from Bermuda and proceed to England.

When the Canadian army division of 21,000 men leaves Valcartier in about three weeks, the Niobe will be one of the vessels assigned to the flotilla of troopships, which will number ten vessels.

ALL SAFE IN BRUSSELS.

American Ambassador Reports to Washington Via Berlin.

Washington, August 31.—Americans and all other foreigners are safe in Brussels, according to a message received today from American Minister Whitlock.

Minister Whitlock's message was relayed from Berlin, by which route he reports he is now able to communicate with the State Department, a special military wire from Brussels to Berlin having been placed at the disposal of the American and Spanish legations. Mr. Whitlock reported that the German occupation of Brussels was completed by General Von Luettwitz, that a civil government was being established, and that excellent order prevailed.

MAKING SLAVES OF BELGIANS.

Commission En Route to Washington to Protest.

London, Sept. 1.—The Belgian commission which is on its way to the United States to protest against alleged German atrocities in the war zone, arrived in London tonight from Antwerp, coming on a special train from Folkestone. Count de Lechterveilde, son of the former Belgian minister at Washington, accompanied the commission as secretary.

The Belgian minister of justice, Carton De Wiart, chairman of the commission, has arranged a conference with Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary of war, after which an official statement will be made regarding the Belgian grievances.

One of the grounds for the protest to Washington is the allegation that the Germans are capturing Belgians and carrying them to Germany in bondage to do manual labor. The destruction of Louvaine is regarded by the commission as unwarranted.

The commission expects to leave for Washington within a few days.

TELL VIVID TALES OF HOMEWARD TRIP

Liners Are Stopped in Mid-Ocean by Cruisers.

TWO REACH NEW YORK

Among Passengers Aboard One of Vessels is Bishop Wilson of the Methodist Church in New York. Rushed Home.

New York, Aug. 31.—The Anchor Line steamer Columbia arrived today from Glasgow and Moville with 833 passengers, all of whom, except 45 in the steerage were Americans who had been delayed in returning home from Europe. The steamer Sangiovanni, from Naples with 677 American refugees from Italy and Switzerland also arrived today.

The Atlantic Transport Line steamer Minnehaha reached New York this afternoon from London with 166 passengers. Early this morning off Nantucket a cruiser turned her searchlight on the steamer.

The cruiser sighted by the Minnehaha was believed to be English. The warship bore down on the Minnehaha. The cruiser flashed signal lights asking, "Who are you?"

"Who are you?" the Minnehaha's captain demanded in return.

"That is none of your affair," the warship retorted. "Give me your name and destination."

The Minnehaha complied and presently the cruiser steamed away.

Bishop Wilson Aboard.

Passengers on the Minnehaha included Bishop Luther B. Wilson, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, of this city. Bishop Wilson, who was accompanied by his wife and daughter, was a delegate to the international peace conference which was to have been held in Constance, Switzerland.

Bishop Wilson said a representative of the German Emperor arrived in Constance on August 1st, and told the delegates he hda the authority of the Emperor to say it would be well for them to depart before August 3rd. The delegates immediately started for their homes. Some of them were without sufficient money to pay their hotel bills and fares to London, owing to the non-arrival of a clergyman who had their expense money, Bishop Wilson said. Those who had a surplus of funds placed it with the little money the ones in difficulty possessed and all the hotel bills were paid. The balance of the money, however, would not pay for railroad tickets, it was found. The hotel proprietor relieved the situation by refunding some of the money and the delegates reached Cologne under the guidance of the German Emperor's representative.

BALLOTING FOR POPE IN PROGRESS AT ROME

Locked in Conclave Hall, the Cardinals Vote.

Crowds Will Gather This Morning to Watch for Smoke Which Will Indicate if Election Is Over—Doors Guarded.

Rome, Aug. 31.—At 7:30 o'clock tonight Cardinal Della Volpe, the papal chamberlain, closed the inside door to the conclave hall in which the college of cardinals is gathered to elect a successor to the late Pope Pius. Outside stood the governor and the marshal of the conclave.

Not until a pope has been chosen by ballot will the door be opened or any intimation of the procedure inside be known.

All telephone wires leading into the edifice have been cut and communication with the outside world is severed.

Tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock great crowds will gather in the square outside St. Peters. Every eye will be focussed on the chimney of Sistine Chapel. If smoke should arise from it, it will indicate that no pope has been elected. The smoke will be from the burning ballots, with which has been mixed a little straw.

Should a pontiff be elected workmen immediately will break in the doors an dthe cardinals will repair to the balcony of St. Peter's and proclaim him. Shortly afterward the pope, himself, if custom is followed, will appear in the gallery of St. Peters and bestow the papal blessing.

A majority of the cardinals before they entered the conclave hall, sought to learn the latest news from the war zones. Several of them have close relatives in the armies. Cardinal Piffl, archbishop of Vienna, has five members of his family at the front with the Austrians. Cardinal Billot already has been informed that one of his nephews has been killed and another dangerously wounded in the French line. Cardinal Von Hartmann, archbishop of Cologne, has two relatives who are officers in the German imperial guard.

The condition of Cardinal Mercier is pitiful. He is archbishop of Malines, Belgium, an darrived in Rome without a cent. He says, however, immediately the conclave is ended he will return to Malines, even though he has to go afoot.

ACTIVE IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Prince Slam Slam and Followers Made Prisoners of War by British.

Cape Town, via London, Aug. 31.—The process of rounding up Austrian and German reservists in the Union of South Africa and holding them as prisoners of war has been proceeding for a fortnight. Some 8,000 are now detained in a special camp at Johannesburg.

Prince Slam-Slam and several other officers have been given special quarters in Bloomfontein. The prince is a captain in the Prussian cavalry.

AVIATOR KEEPS BUSY.

More Bombs Are Dropped on City of Paris During Yesterday.

Paris, Aug. 31.—Another German aeroplane flew over Paris late today, but did no damage.

The Temps says on the subject of aeroplane raids over Paris:

"Paris will kno whow to reply by silent stoicism and calm resolution to the effort at intimidation by which the Germans are attempting to stir the capital that they know is impressionable, but of whose unfailing resources of patience an dwill they do not know."

It is believed that while the French are progressing on the right in Lorraine, the Germans are gaining ground on the left with the result that there have been rumors and a pronounced exodus from the capital, particularly to the south. The D'Orsay station was besieged all night by a large but orderly crowd. The sale of tickets was suspended at an early hour as al space in the trains for tomorrow was taken. Hundreds of persons remained at the station, however, in order to be in line for the following line.

As a precaution against the German railding aeroplanes all the electric lights which have made the Champs Elysee and the Boulevard brilliant have been extinguished.

OLD PAPERS—A LIMITED NUMBER of old newspapers suitable for wrapping or placing under carpets or matting, for sale at five cents per hundred. Apply at Star office.

NEARLY 30,000 MEN TO BE FURLOUGHED OCT. 1

Employes Engaged on River and Harbor Work.

Action Made Imperatively Necessary by Reason of Failure of Congress to Pass Rivers and Harbors Appropriation Bill.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Statistics prepared in the office of the chief of engineers at the request of Senator Jos. E. Ransdell, of Louisiana, president of the National Rivers and Harbors Congress, show that there will be furloughed by the first of October almost 30,000 government and contractors' employes engaged on river and harbor work—29,169 to be exact—this action being made imperatively necessary by reason of the failure to pass the rivers and harbors appropriation bill. Among these more than 29,000 employes are engineers, inspectors, foremen and laborers of all classes, skilled and unskilled.

Counting five persons to a family, the furlough—which really means the discharge—of these 29,169 employes, will be vitally felt by 145,845 persons. But this does not tell half the story, for the suspension of work and the laying off of employes will be felt in countless branches of trade having to do with the construction of locks and dams, the deepening and widening of rivers, the dredging of channels, the revetment of banks and the thousand and one materials and services that enter into the development of the nation's waterways, and the feeding, clothing and housing of the men who do the work and their families.

Of the many projects that will be compelled either the shut down or run with greatly diminished forces after October 1, the Mississippi river from Minneapolis to its mouth will be the hardest hit, the number of government and contractors' employes who will be discharged by that date being no less than 18,159. On the Upper Mississippi 2,903 men will be discharged in the Rock Island district and 1,084 in the St. Louis district. In the territory controlled by the Mississippi River Commission 1,355 men must be discharged in the first and second districts (extending from Cape Girardeau to White River), 3,046 in the third district, (between White River and Warrenton, Miss.), and in the fourth district, (extending from Warrenton to the Gulf), the number is 9,256. In addition, 199 men will be laid off in the New Orleans district, and 580 in the Vicksburg district, who are not employed upon the Mississippi river.

In the New London, Conn., district, 331 men will be dropped, and in the first, second and third New York districts 946. The pay envelopes will stop for 105 men at Jacksonville, Fla.; 793 at Montgomery, Ala.; 875 at Mobile; 249 at Kansas City; 265 at Louisville, and 607 at Chattanooga. On the Great Lakes more than 1,400 men will be laid off, of whom 710 are in the Chicago district.

MONTREAT NEWS

By Rev. E. L. Siler.

Montreat, N. C., Aug .31.—At the beginning of Thursday night's meeting Dr. Lingle announced that the time for the next conference (1915) ha dalready been fixed for July 4th to August 26th and that Dr. Chapman had promised to return. He then expressed the thanks of the audience to Dr. Johnston and to the quartette for their work.

Dr. D. Clay Lilly called on the audience to express by a rising vote their thanks to Dr. Lingle for the consummate ability with which he had managed the program, and Rev. E. L. Siler asked for a similar vote of thanks to Dr. Anderson for his untiring work for the association, which had made so many good things possible here. The audience responded with enthusiasm in both cases.

Dr. Howard Agnew Johnston then gave his last lecture on "Personal Work," which many pronounced the best of the series. He took up the various excuses which men give for not confessing Christ, such as thinking a confession is not necessary, the counter influence of associates, personal inconsistencies, clearness of conscience on this point, honest intellectual difficulties, those who are just waiting for a persuasive word, etc. In each case he told how to answer these objections and concluded with suggesting two working mottos: "I shall strive to live by God's help so that people shall see Christ in me, and I shall strive by God's help to help Christ get into the lives of those with whom I deal."

After singing George Matheson's consecration hymn, "O Love That Will Not Let Me Go," Dr. Johnston pronounced the benediction and the 1914 conference passed into history.

From Office-Boy to President—we all want success—To win, we must be quick, keen, alert, direct—

PEPSI-Cola

Takes up the slack, and adds the stimulant for a strong steady gait.

You will find it at Soda Fountains or Carbonated in Bottles

5¢

SPORTS

IN THE MAJOR LEAGUES

AMERICAN

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	82	38	.683
Boston	67	49	.578
Washington	61	56	.521
Detroit	61	61	.500
Chicago	59	63	.484
St. Louis	55	64	.462
New York	56	65	.463
Cleveland	39	84	.317

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Philadelphia, 9; Cleveland, 3.
At Boston, 4; St. Louis, 1.
2nd: Boston, 3; St. Louis, 2. ((11 innings.)
At New York, 6; Detroit, 9.
2nd: New York, 3; Detroit, 2.
At Washington, 3; Chicago, 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Chicago at Washington.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
Detroit at New York.
St. Louis at Boston.

ALBANY WON OPENER IN POST SEASON SERIES.

Savannah, Aug. 31.—Albany today won the opening game, 1 to 0, in the post season series with Savannah, which will decide the championship of the South Atlantic League for 1915.

Albany	000 000 001	1	6 0
Savannah	000 000 000	0	5 2

Williams and Wells; Smallwood and Smith.

COLLINS WAS FEATURED IN ATHLETIC VICTORY.

Philadelphia, Aug. 31.—Philadelphia hit the deliveries of Coumbe and Dillinger hard today and defeated Cleveland 9 to 3. Pennock was effective with men on bases and fanned ten batsmen. Collins gave a great exhibition. In five times up he made two doubles, drew two passes, scored a run and stole three bases.

Cleveland	001 100 001	3	10 2
Philadelphia	005 100 30*	9	12 1

Coumbe, Dillinger and O'Neill; Pennock and Schang, McAvoy.

PURPOSELY PASSED TYRUS; CRAWFORD SWATTED HOMER.

New York, Aug. 31.—Detroit and New York divided their double header today, the visitors winning the first game in thirteen innings, 8 to 6, while New York took a seven-inning game, 3 to 2. The second game was called on account of darkness. Detroit won the first game by overcoming a six-run lead.

In the eleventh inning, Pieh purposely passed Cobb, filling the bases and then retired Crawford and Veach on pop flies. He was not so forunate in the 13th, when he again purposely walked Cobb, for Crawford drove a home run into the right field stands, sending in Bush and Cobb ahead of him.

Detroit	000 004 200 000	3	9 13 2
New York	410 010 000 000	0	6 16 3

Dauss and Stanage; Brown, Cole, Keating, Pieh and Sweeney.

Second game—

Detroit	000 002 0	2	7 0
New York	010 100 1	3	7 1

Oldham and McKee, Baker; Fisher and Nunemaker.

BOSTON AND ST. LOUIS SPLIT DOUBLE BILL.

Boston, August 31.—Boston won the first game of today's double header with St. Louis, 4 to 4, and after almost three hours of playing tied the second 3 ti 3 in the eleventh inning when Umpire Egan called the game because of darkness. Joe Wood, who pitched the second game for Boston, struck out 14 men. Boston clinched the first game in the third inning on three singles and a pass.

Boston	003 010 00*	4	6 0
St. Louis	000 000 010	1	6 2

Foster and Thomas; James, Brickley and Agnew.

Second game—

Boston	000 001 000 02	3	12 6
St. Louis	010 000 000 02	3	8 1

Wood and Cady; Hamilton and Agnew.

FOURNIER GOT TWO HOMERS OFF WALTER JOHNSON.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Fournier's two home runs off Johnson gave Chicago a four to three victory over Washington in today's ten inning game. Johnson relieved Shaw after th elocals had tied the score in the seventh and Fournier hit the first ball pitched over Shank's head for th ecircuit. Washington tied the score again in the ninth and in the tenth inning Fournier again drove a home run to deep left, winning the game.

Chicago	002 000 010	4	9 1
Washington	001 000 101 0	3	7 3

Cicotte, Wolfgang and Schalk; Shaw, Johnson and Henry.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

North Carolina League.
At Raleigh, 0; Greensboro, 5.
2nd: Raleigh, 6; Greensboro, 1.
At Durham, 6; Winston, 0.
2nd: Durham, 1; Winston, 3.
At Asheville, 6; Charlotte, 1.

Virginia League.
At Petersburg, 1; Roanoke, 3.
At Portsmouth, 4; Newport News, 3.
At Richmond, 15; Norfolk, 5.

Southern League.
At Birmingham, 0; Atlanta, 1.
At Mobile, 1; Chattanooga, 3.

South Atlantic League.
(Pennant Series.)
At Savannah, 0; Albany, 1.

International League.
At Rochester, 3-5; Jersey City, 0-4.
At Buffalo, 1-5; Newark, 1-2.
At Toronto, 7; Baltimore, 3.
At Monreal, 1; Providence, 5.

American Association.
At Cleveland, 4; Minneapolis, 5.
At Columbus, 10; St. Paul, 3.
At Louisville, 0; Milwaukee, 1. (10 innings.)
At Indianapolis, 1; Kansas City, 2 (11 inaings.)

NATIONAL

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	63	50	.558
Boston	63	51	.553
St. Louis	64	57	.529
Chicago	62	57	.521
Cincinnati	54	63	.462
Philadelphia	53	61	.465
Brooklyn	53	62	.461
Pittsburg	52	63	.452

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Pittsburg, 1; New York, 1. (11 innings.)
At Cincinnati, 2; Chicago, 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Chicago at Cincinnati.
Pittsburg at St. Louis.

GIANTS AND PIRATES STAGE AN ELEVEN INNING TIE.

Pittsburg, Aug. 31.—New York and Pittsburg played a 1 to 1 tie game today. The game was called after the 11th inning to allow the Pirates to catch a train for St. Louis. Demaree was hit hard at times but fast fielding by his fellow players kept the locals from scoring.

New York	001 000 000 00	1	7 1
Pittsburg	000 000 001 00	1	12 0

Demaree and Meyers; Harmon, Coleman and Kafora.

ERRORS AIDED CHICAGO TO WIN FROM CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, Aug. 31.—Errors enabled Chicago to win from Cincinnati today 4 to 2. Chicago scored two runs in the seventh inning without making a hit, the Cincinnati players making four misplays. Only one other hit was made off Cheney, that being a two base drive by Niehoff.

Chicago	010 000 201	4	6 1
Cincinnati	000 200 000	2	6 5

Cheney and Archer; Douglass and Gonzales.

FOWNES SETS A NEW AMATEUR RECORD.

Oakmont Golfer Made Record Play at Manchester, Vermont.

Manchester, Vt., Aug. 31.—Leading a field of 104 golfers, aspirants for National amateur golf championship honors, W. C. Fownes, of the Oakmont Golf Club, Pittsburgh, today set a new American record for medal amateur championship lay. His card of 70 returned at the end of the first round of 18 holes' qualification play over the links of the Ekwanok Country Club, also set a record for that course.

Fownes, who was national champion in 1910, had an advantage of two strokes over the second best card of a crack field, R. R. Gorton, of Braeburn, returning a well balanced 72.

Francis Ouimet, of Woodland, amateur champion of France and national open champion last year, scored the best performance of the trio of high ranking players, in which Jerome Travers, present amateur title holder, and Charles Evans, Jr., of Edgewater, also are grouped. Ouimet's 73 brought him into a tie for third place with Frederick Hereshoff, Ewkanok and O. Clark Corkran, of Baltimore. Evans returned a 74 for seventh place and Travers was tied for tenth with a card of 76.

The highest score of the 64 to qualify was 85. Of the 104 starters 96 returned cards.

M'LOUGHLIN AND NORRIS WIN PLACE IN FINALS.

Betting is Four to One that McLoughlin Will Capture Title.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 31.—Maurice E. McLoughlin, of San Francisco, and R. Norris Williams 2nd. of Philadelphia, today won their places in the finals of the all-comers tournament for the National singles tennis championship. The betting tonight was four to one that McLoughlin would capture the title tomorrow for the third time. Williams was his opponent last year.

McLoughlin won his place in the finals by defeating former Champion William J. Clothier, of Philadelphia, 6-4, 6-4, 6-3. Williams came through with a similar victory over Ella Fottrell of San Francisco, 6-4, 6-3, 6-2.

INDIAN GEORGE JOHNSON WINS COURT VICTORY.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—George H. Johnson, the Indian pitcher who jumped from the Cincinnati Nationals to the Kansas City Federals, today won another court victory. Judge Dever issued a temporary injunction restraining the Cincinnati club from further prosecution of an injunction suit against Johnson in the court of common pleas of Allegheny county, Pa., pending the settlement of a cross bill filed here by the ball player.

MR. R. H .HUBBARD, SR., DEAD.

One of the Most Forminent Citizens of Clinton Has Passed.

Clinton, N. C., Aug. 31.—Clinton lost one of its most prominent citizens in the death of Mr. R. H. Hubbard, Sr., who died at his home here Saturday. The deceased gentleman was a son of the late L. C. and Susan Hubbard and came of one of the oldest and most prominent families of this county. For many years he had been mayor of Clinton and a justice of the peace, which offices he filled with marked satisfaction and ability. On account of declining health he retired from public life some three years ago, since which time he has been missed fro mthe active life of the town.

Mr. Hubbard was a little past 63 years of age. He married Miss Ida Peden, a daughter of the late Major William N. Peden, one time a resident of Wilmington. He is survived by Mrs. Hubbard and five sons, William P. Hubbard, a leading lawyer of San Francisco; Joseph C. Hubbard, of Charlotte; R. H. Hubbard, Jr., of Clinton; H. J. Hubbard, of Clinton, and Garland Hubbard, of San Francisco. A man of positive convictions and the highest sense o fhonor, he had a wide acquaintance throughout the county, and was highly esteemed by a large circle of friends wh mourn his death.

The interment was in Clinton cemetery, funeral services being conducted fro mthe family residence by Rev. Mr. Showell, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church.

FEDERAL

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Indianapolis	66	52	.559
Chicago	66	52	.559
Baltimore	61	53	.535
Brooklyn	58	56	.508
Kansas City	57	56	.504
Buffalo	57	57	.500
St. Louis	53	67	.442
Pittsburg	47	66	.416

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Pittsburg, 1; Baltimore, 7.
At Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 3.
2nd: Chicago 1; St. Louis, 0.
At Buffalo, 1; Brooklyn, 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Baltimore at Pittsburg.
St. Louis at Chicago.
Buffalo at Brooklyn.

MAKING EVERY HIT COUNT WON FOR BALTOFEDS.

Pittsburg, Aug. 31.—Making every hit count, Baltimore today defeated Pittsburg 7 to 1. Quinn and Russell, the Baltimore battery, each had three hits.

Baltimore	002 200 003	7	12 0
Pittsburg	000 010 000	1	8 1

Quinn and Russell; Camnitz and Roberts.

DODGERS TIMELY HITTING DOWNED BUFFALO FEDS.

Buffalo, Aug. 31.—Timely hits gave Brooklyn the opening game of the series here with Buffalo today 4 to 1.

Buffalo	000 100 000	1	7 2
Brooklyn	000 100 021	4	9 3

Anderson and Lavigne; Finneran and Land.

CHICAGO WON TWO AND TIED FOR TOP PLACE.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Chicago tied Indianapolis for first place in the Federal League pennant race today by winning two games from St. Louis 4 to 3 and 1 to 0. The day was designated as "Fielder Jones'" Day in honor of the former White Sox manager, who made his first Chicago appearance since he left the American League seven years ago.

St. Louis	001 002 000	3	8 2
Chicago	011 010 01x	4	9 1

Willett and Chapmna; Johnson and Wilson.

Second game:

St. Louis	000 000 000	0	2 2
Chicago	000 000 01x	1	6 0

Keupper and Simon; Hendrix and Wilson.

How They Stand

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Birmingham	78	55	.587
New Orleans	73	55	.570
Atlanta	68	57	.544
Mobile	72	62	.537
Nashville	67	65	.507
Chattanooga	64	70	.477
Memphis	66	75	.468
Montgomery	48	87	.356

VIRGINIA LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Norfolk	40	23	.635
Roanoke	32	25	.561
Richmond	30	29	.508
Petersburg	28	29	.491
Newport News	26	35	.426
Portsmouth	23	34	.404

NORTH CAROLINA LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Durham	67	44	.604
Charlotte	65	47	.580
Winston	62	45	.579
Raleigh	45	66	.406
Greensboro	44	66	.400
Asheville	47	75	.385

A. C. L. TRAIN STRIKES THREE MEN; KILLS TWO.

Negroes Asleep on Track Near Parkton Are Run Over.

Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 31.—Of three negro men apparently asleep on the Coast Line track near Parkton early this morning and struck by a southbound passenger train, one was instantly killed, one died while being brought to Fayetteville and the third is in Highsmith hospital here unconscious with a bad fracture of the skull.

The Observer this afternoon was unable to learn the names of the men.

The negro who died on the train was taken to the undertaking establishment of J. M. Rogers in this city.

It is said that a little while before the awful tragedy occurred, the three men were seen walking down the track, all under the influence of liquor.

WAKE FOREST ALUMNI AROUND FESTIVE BOARD.

Wake County Association Enjoys Annual Banquet—Speakers.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 31.—The Wake County Alumni Association, of Wake Forest College, Dr. Charles Lee Smith, president, held its annual banquet tonight with sixty members and guests assembled at the festive board. Dr. Hubert Royster was toastmaster and Governor Locke Craig an honor guest.

President W. L. Poteat responded to the toast, "Our College." There were toast responses by Prof. N. Y. Gulley, Attorney General T. W. Bickett, President J. B. Weatherspoon, of Union Theological Seminary, Texas, and Rev. G. P. Bostic, missionary to China.

THE REAL PHOSPHATE DRINK

Horsford's Acid Phosphate
A teaspoonful to a glass of cold water is the real hot weather drink.
(Advertisement)

INDIVIDUAL PROPOSES TO UBILD STORAGE WAREHOUSE.

Mr. E. H. Morton, of Belgrade, Onslow County, to Act.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Aug. 31.—Believing that the farmers of that section should hold their cotton for higher prices or at least until the scare brought on by the European war has subsided, E. H. Morton, who lives at Belgrade, near Maysville, and who is one of the most progressive farmers and citizens of that section, is contemplating the erection of a large brick warehouse which will be used as a storage warehouse for cotton and also any other farm product that it is found advisable to hold.

Mr. Morton was in New Bern Saturday and while here he talked interestingly of his proposed step. He claims that the crop this year will be larger and better in quality than before in many years and that the growers should receive a better price for it than they have heretofore been getting. However, he believes, and present indications point that way, that the price will be lower and that the demand will be less than it was last year. Mr. Morton reasons that this state of affairs cannot continue for any great length of time and that when conditions have cleared up and the war has come to a close, that the European countries will demand large quantities of cotton for manufacturing purposes, and that if the present crop is held over instead of being placed on the market just at this time that the farmers can secure a much better price.

MRS. WILLIAMS' LONG SICKNESS

Yields To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Elkhart, Ind.:—"I suffered for fourteen years from organic inflammation, female weakness, pain and irregularities. The pains in my sides were increased by walking or standing on my feet and I had such awful bearing down feelings, was depressed in spirits and became thin and pale with dull, heavy eyes. I had six doctors from whom I received only temporary relief. I decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial and also the Sanative Wash. I have now used the remedies for four months and cannot express my thanks for what they have done for me.

"If these lines will be of any benefit you have my permission to publish them."—Mrs. Sadie Williams, 455 James Street, Elkhart, Indiana.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record of being the most successful remedy for female ills we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., seem to prove this fact.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

SAVES DAUGHTER

Advice of Mother no Doubt Prevents Daughter's Untimely End.

Ready, Ky.—"I was not able to do anything for nearly six months," writes Mrs. Laura Bratcher, of this place, "and was down in bed for three months.

I cannot tell you how I suffered with my head, and with nervousness and womanly troubles.

Our family doctor told my husband he could not do me any good, and he had to give it up. We tried another doctor, but he did not help me.

At last, my mother advised me to take Cardui, the woman's tonic. I thought it was no use for I was nearly dead and nothing seemed to do me any good. But I took eleven bottles, and now I am able to do all of my work and my own washing.

I think Cardui is the best medicine in the world. My weight has increased, and I look the picture of health."

If you suffer from any of the ailments peculiar to women, get a bottle of Cardui *today*. Delay is dangerous. We know it will help you, for it has helped so many thousands of other weak women in the past 50 years.

At all druggists.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for *Special Instructions* on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," in plain wrapper. N.C. 128

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

State of North Carolina, County of New Hanover, August 31st, 1914.

In the matter of the administration of the estate of Harriet Hunter, deceased.

Administrator's Notice to Creditors:

The undersigned having qualified as administrator of the estate of Harriet Hunter, deceased, late of New Hanover County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, to exhibit them to the undersigned at Wilmington, North Carolina, at the office of the Atlantic Trust and Banking Co. on or before the 31st day of August, 1915, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons who are indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

The day and year above written.

ATLANTIC TRUST AND BANKING CO.
Administrator of Harriet Hunter, deceased.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective June 1, 1914. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. † 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 3:30 P. M. and Richmond 4:10 P. M.	No. 91. a 1:15 A.M.
No. 51. * 5:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 64. † 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. † 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. * 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford, commencing June 15. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52. * 8:05 P.M.
No. 62. † 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. †12:50 P.M.
No. 57. * 6:20 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Conway and Intermediate stations.	No. 58. * 9:55 A.M.
No. 55. * 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:50 P.M.
No. 59. * 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. *10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. *10:00 A.M.
No. 68. b7:30 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 69. b 10:15 A.M.

* Daily. † D Daily except Sunday. b Sunday only. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

FLORIDA

5TH ANNUAL EXCURSION

—VIA—

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

From Wilmington to Jacksonville $7.50
From Wilmington to Tampa $9.50

ROUND TRIP.

Tuesday, Sept. 22, 1914

TICKETS GOOD UNTIL SEPTEMBER 29th

Proportionately Law Rates from Other Points

Do Not Miss This Opportunity to Visit Florida at the GREATLY REDUCED RATES.

And See the Beautiful Manatee and St. Petersburg Sections.

One Whole Week in Florida

Special Train, composed of Up-to-Date Equipment, Day Coaches and Pullman Sleeping Cars. Make Reservations Early. Diagrams Now Open.

JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

H. E. PLEASANTS, Trav. Pass. Agent, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C.

$7.50 (ROUND) $9.50
JACKSONVILLE (TRIP) TAMPA

FLORIDA

FROM WILMINGTON

Proportionate Fares
From Other Points in N. C., Va. and S. C.

—via the—

Atlantic Coast Line

The Standard Railroad of the South.

Tickets will be Sold for All Trains

Tuesday, September 22

Limited, returning, to reach Original Starting Point not later than Midnight of Tuesday, September 29, 1914.
For Schedules, Reservations and Information,

PHONE 160

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traffic Manager,
T. C. WHITE, General Pass. Agent,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

TO THE BEACH

Suburban Schedule

In Effect Saturday, June 6, 1914

WEEK-DAYS

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
6:26 A. M.	6:05 A. M.
6:55 A. M.	7:10 A. M.
7:25 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
8:00 A. M.	8:15 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	and every half hour thereafter until
5:30 P. M.	6:45 P. M.
6:10 P. M.	6:25 P. M.
6:30 P. M.	6:50 P.M.
and every half hour thereafter until	7:15 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 P. M.	11:45 P. M.
12:00 P. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials stop only at 5th, 7th and 9th streets in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
6:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
9:30 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
7:00 P. M.	8:15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M.; and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
7:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
8:30 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	9:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 P. M.	11:45 P.M.
12:00 P. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials stop only at 5th, 7th and 9th streets in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
11:00 A. M.	12:15 P. M.

Freight Depot Open: 10 to 11 A.M.

Telephone 667 for information about train movements and matters connected with Railway department.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

"THE PROGRESSIVE RAILWAY OF THE SOUTH."

Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows

No. 13—3:00 P. M.—For Local Stations. Parlor car for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville, and all points North and South, at Hamlet.

No. 23—5:00 P. M.—Through Pullman Sleeping car service between Wilmington and Atlanta. Through train for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg and Hamlet, connecting with all trains North and South, at Hamlet.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, Div. Frt. Agt., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Agt., Raleigh, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Cherokee, Friday, August 28
Steamship Navahoe, Friday, Sept. 4

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Navahoe, Monday, August 24
Steamship Cherokee, Monday, August 31

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Navahoe, Sat., August 29.
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., September 5.

Both Steamers Carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES, Commercial Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36. N. R., New York.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.

Schedule in Effect May 10, 1914.

Lv. Norfolk	8:30 a.m.	8:00 p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.
Lv. Durham	1:30 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	2:45 p.m.	2:30 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	7:00 p.m.
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	8:00 a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:30 a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars, N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

Big Labor Day Excursion

From
Wilmington and Intermediate Points
To
NEWBERN
Monday, September 7th.
Via the
ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD.

Round trip only $2.25.

Separate cars for white and colored passengers.

A delightful trip.

Train leaves Union Station at 7:00 A. M.

Will leave New Bern at 8:00 P. M.

T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
THOS. H. KNIGHT, Advertising Distributor.
Wilmington, North Carolina.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the city at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year; $3.50 for six months; $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1914.

"To be or not to be" a good guesser.

The affirmative and the negative have it.

Old man "I Told You So" is right up in the front.

All together now for building cotton storage warehouses.

Women don't go to war. They have it brought home to them.

Turkey is about to be goose enough to take a hand in the big war.

The junk heap in South Carolina looks like a pile of political coat tails.

The British wing of the allied armies does not seem to have been made for flying.

The innocent bystanders are all prophets, predicting the final result of the war as each sees it.

We knew where we were when the cyclone struck us but where will we be when it all blows over?

Turkey is showing signs of getting wiped off the map. The "Sick Man" thinks he is well enough to skate on thin ice.

The principal war stories have not been told but many that are merely stories are getting into print. The worst is yet to come.

Americans are warned to leave the war zone. Those who haven't left need no advice. They are hanging back for experience.

Says a contemporary: "A Georgian is looking for his seventh wife." Later she may have to go out on a looking expedition for him.

The Daily Observer, of Fayetteville, tells us that town can store 25,000 bales of cotton this season. Fayetteville has had splendid cotton storage facilities for years.

A phone message from within the peaceful precincts of Wilmington yesterday reported that Peruna has been taken. Meanwhile, Democrats in South Carolina want every son-of-a-gun fired at Washington.

If curiosity represented wealth the richest person in the world wouldn't be a man. A man has more cupidity than curiosity, but, at the same time, if the inordinate curiosity of some men were a tangible asset their lady descendants would have more wealth than ever John saw.

Warehouses in every cotton state will solve the South's war problem. North Carolina's chief cotton counties, the most productive in the South, have gone at it right. While Europeans are engaged in a gigantic war, it is easy enough for the South to build enough warehouses to hide 3,000,000 bales of cotton for after war prices.

The Maxton Scottish Chief notes that Mr. W. C. Gale sold a bale of cotton at 10 cents per pound to the Currie-Patterson Company, of Maxton. Cotton is late but it is now opening rapidly, says The Chief, and it makes a good suggestion when it advises farmers that as the price is low, it is important to pick their cotton free of trash as possible. Careless picking is liable to seriously affect the price, since the buyers anticipate that they will have plenty from which to buy the best.

A so-called military critic said the other day that the capture of Namur by the Germans would prolong the war. According to his logic the capture of Paris or Berlin would mean the same thing. On the contrary, the real strategists who know what the capture of the strategic points means, know that it hastens the end. That is why the Germans are pressing on toward Paris, why the Russians are aiming for Berlin, and why the Japs are after Kiao-Chow. Every one of these objectives is sought for the reason that they are considered the backbone of the war dog. The quicker the backbone gets a blow the quicker will it be all over with the war.

MONSTER SEIGE GUNS.

Formidable fortifications do not stand very long when a powerful, long range seige gun can be placed in position where it can pound down the works of man. Of course, it must be taken for granted that the defenders of fortified positions have powerful guns to ward off besiegers, but once an enemy gets a position with his great guns, they play havoc with defenses of the strongest character.

The story of the fall of the strong fortifications at Namur on Sunday, August 22nd, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, reveals the terrible effectiveness of the German Krupp seige guns. It also furnishes a thrilling record of the heroism of the Belgian defenders, and probably some of their French allies, who evacuated the forts only after they had been almost blown to pieces by great 28 centimeter Krupp howitzers. No defense was ever more heroic and sublime, illustrating anew the courage and endurance of men.

The story sent out from London says that when the Germans invested the fortifications they immediately mounted 30 complete batteries of these great guns just out of range of the forts. The German's had detail maps of the forts and consequently knew in advance the exact location of the guns of the fortifications and every weak spot in the defense. The Germans carry portable towers from which they make observations and take ranges, and when they accurately figured on the object to be fired at the guns were put to work.

The powerful fort demolishers can be elevated or lowered, according to meter measurements, and when everything was in readiness a constant rain of explosives was poured against the outer forts. The forts afforded only temporary protection to those inside, for the shots would be fired from the elevated guns placed at such an angle that the shells could be shot into the air so they would fall behind the forts. It is even said "the great explosive shells curved above the walls and fell inside" destroying the guns there and killing and wounding the various gun crews.

The German guns were out of range of the fort guns and had been skillfully protected by earthen entrenchments an dexcavations. The firing began on Friday, continued incessantly all day Saturday, and by Sunday afternoon the forts were made untenable by living beings. Thousands of shells fell inside the forts or exploded against the walls, tearing great rents in them. Having silenced one fort and made an opening, infantry charged over the ruins and swept on into the town, thus getting in the rear of the defenders in the forts outside. Then the Belgians were compelled to evacuate but they succeeded in getting away and joined the French troops on the nearby frontier.

The Belgians even destroyed their big guns before they gave up the forts, or such of the guns as were not demolished by the Krupp fire. As described, it is said the "Germans' fire simply smothered the defense of the forts." They were completely demolished, and an engineer who had seen those powerful foritfications tells us that he can't see how such a thing was possible. However, the German guns carried enormous projectiles, and they actually blew the forts to pieces, leaving them a shocking mass of steel, stone and concrete, a veritable junk heap in which were riddled fragments of enormous pieces of steel used in constructing the works.

These are the awful guns with which the Germans propose to batter their way into Paris. They are the heaviest seige guns ever used in war, requiring 30 horses to haul one of them into position. The Germans count on them to make the French capital a prey to their hosts when they get there and repeat the awful destruction done at Namur.

Nothing is said of the men hurled into eternity by these awful guns and, so far as the loss of life is concerned in this war, both sides seem to veil reports of them in mystery. Probably they want to save civilization the shock of reading repeated chapters of horror.

"CAUSE" REMOVED, WHY NOT STOP WAR?

Servia. Where have we heard that name before? Oh, yes. That is the name of a tiny country in Southern Europe, so small that one has to take pains to find it on the ordinary map of the continent. It lies just across the Danube river to the south of Austria. A little more than a month ago little Servia was occupying a prominent place on the front page of newspapers and getting her name in the headlines, but during the past month momentous movements and events affecting the entire world have taken place and little Servia has been lost in the shuffle of nations. She has been almost forgotten. Her name is rarely mentioned now in the newspapers or on the streets.

A month ago only Servia and Austria were in a state of war. The little kingdom to the south had aggravated Austria until the latter was ready to jump on the "kid" and give him a gentle spanking. The assassination of Archduke Ferdinand and his wife, of Austria, had been considered by the government of the latter as just "a little more" than she could stand for, so she declared war. So far as the world had heard up to that time, that was the beginning of the conflagration that during the brief space of one month has involved and engulfed in war five of the great powers of Europe besides the strongest nation in Asia. It has affected every country on the earth, largely paralyzing the world's commerce, to say nothing of the hundreds of millions of dollars wasted in defraying the expenses of warfare. Above all, there is the slaughter of probably tens of thousands of men, with the incident and consequent sorrow and suffering, physical and mental, of hundreds of thousands of innocent wives, mothers and children. Still the end is not in sight. In fact, apparently, we have seen but the beginning—the preliminaries as it were—of what is to be the most gigantic struggle of nations since the world began.

The seats of conflict, the scenes of slaughter, the center of the world's attention today, are far removed from little Servia, and nobody will scan the front pages of the newspapers this morning to learn the latest news from the Servian army's operations. Indeed, nothing that even Austria has done lately has attracted much attention.

In the beginning, a month ago, what has developed into the Great War of Nations was only an affair between Austria and Servia, for which the latter was held solely responsible. All other nations now at war were at peace. There existed at that time no cause for war among the nations which have held the center of the world's attention for the past week. In little Belgium, where great battles have been raging and probably tens of thousands of men have laid down their lives, a month ago the people were busy with the affairs of every day life under conditions of peace and prosperity. Today wide areas of her soil are soaked with the blood of human beings.

Servia and Belgium are widely separated, yet the act of an individual Servian or two, whose names nobody ever heard before or can remember today, has been recorded as the direct cause of the conflict that already has drenched Belgium in the blood of her own citizens and those of Germany, France and Great Britain and her colonial possessions.

Friction between Servia and Austria ignited the match, they say, which started the conflagration that has spread over nearly the whole of Europe and part of Asia, and which certainly has shaken the world. Now the "cause" of the war has been removed. Austria, it is said, has called off her campaign against Servia, probably persuaded by a series of defeats but mainly by the fact that she has her hands full in looking after matters of more importance in other directions. She still feels like punishing Servia a little, but for convenience, it is said, she is going to defer the chastisement for a while.

Seeing that Servia is out of danger, why should not Russia retire from the Austrian border and from Eastern Prussia and demobilize her army? Then, having no further reason for hostilities, why should not Germany recall her troops to the Fatherland? Then why should not the French forsake the Belgian and German frontier and the British soldiers go back home and let the Belgians finish reaping their harvest and rebuild their shattered walls, railroads and bridges? Then why should not the Japs let Kiao-Chow alone and the Swiss and Dutch stop their feverish drilling and return to their work? Again, why should not the British warships stop chasing German merchantmen and let the North and Baltic seas be again opened and the commerce of the world be allowed to resume its normal movements, the paralyzed trade of America and other nations find relief, and war prices subside?

If the war were logical, is not that what would happen? However, it is obvious that Servia did not have much to do with the present European war. As one writer says, "any other spark would have done just as well, and if there hadn't been any spark, one of the war lords would have rubbed two sticks together."

OUR NEW COMMERCIALISM.

American diplomacy used to exploit the "open door" in China, while the trade of the next door Latin Americas seems to have been permitted to go by default to Germany, Great Britain, Belgium and other European nations. Now the United States Government is making a special effort to extend its trade into Central and South America.

The Government seems to be about to do what our manufacturers and exporters should have done for themselves a quarter of a century ago. Trade hunters from Europe long ago went into South America to see if there was anything doing. They found plenty of opportunities for import and export trade and they went to work to develop it on a huge scale.

Now Congress has appropriated $50,000 for "promoting commerce in Central and South America." It has been placed at the disposal of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce of the Department of Commerce, and the money will be used to supplement the consular service of the United States in the Latin countries, with the special view of developing the South American trade.

The meaning of it is that the Government will send out trade scouts to spy out the land, all of which might long ago have been done by intelligent consuls. This country's commercial agents will investigate markets for all lines of American manufacturers. For instance, they will specially post themselves as to the opportunities for exporting hardware, clothing, hats, shoes, and other manufactures. Special attention will be paid to the matter of textiles and fruits. These trade hunters of the Government will be known as "commercial attaches" to the consulships, but if our manufacturers, exporters and importers were keen they would send their own experts to make observations that possibly the best of "commercial attaches" would entirely overlook without being posted as to the means of getting buyers and manufacturers in touch.

However, it is all right to send out these "commercial attaches" but we can't help thinking that all these years our consuls should have been on the job and reported years ago the opportunities for commerce all over the world.

THOSE WHO ARE LOOKING ON.

"'Tis naught, 'tis naught, saith the buyer." 'Taint so, 'taint so, saith the man who has it figured out that his side in the European war is bound to win. They don't go by the news. They go by what they hope and believe will happen in the end, the which no man can foresee. The fact is, there are unforeseen eventualities, which, at any moment during a war may favor first one side and then the other. The man, however, who lets his judgment instead of his sentiment control can see which way the wind is blowing if he will only watch the important and decisive engagements and operations day after day.

Any man who will make a common sense analysis for himself can judge how events stand up to date. As to the future, man can only guess, else calmly wait and watch what happens. The tides of the ocean run in a while and out a while. So does the tide of battle ebb and flow. Whether it ebbs the most or flows the most only time will tell as to the general and final result.

According to the way some people view what goes into a newspaper the news sent out from London and Paris is pro-German. They refuse to discriminate between news and views. If the news favors either side it is absurd to construe it contrary to the absolute facts. All of us simply have to take the results of campaigns and battles as the evidence of victory or defeat. No man can rebut the indisputable evidence with a mere opinion or make of it a brief to sustain his sympathy pro or con. When events stare us in the face, we have to take cognizance of conditions instead of dabbling in theories.

"Money needed right now," says a newspaper headline. Why the right now?

CURRENT COMMENT.

If the people who visit western North Carolina every summer is any sign, we do not see that that section needs to raise anything but the price of board and lodging to become millionaires. A man was asked what was the chief industry of Asheville. His reply was, "living off of Yankees." But at this date they are living off of others besides Yankees.—Greensboro News.

With Japan's formal declaration of war against Germany the imagination of the would-be prophet must again adjust itself. Every contending nation adds to this melting pot of war—this devil's brew of blood and brimstone—certain significant elements that must change the consistency and flavor of the pate de four (or five) goobs that will be ladled out to the powers when peace is declared and the late belligerent sit themselves down to the banquet of division and distribution. Who will preside at the feast—who will act as the toastmaster? Is there some "mute inglorious" Metternich, some undiscovered Talleyrand in the diplomatic circles of Europe awaiting the opportunity to show his patriotism by the liberality with which he cuts and slices for his "own, his native land"? It is certain now that covers will be laid for seven and that Japan will be the Oliver Twist of the occasion.—Greensboro News.

Thrice blessed is Berryhill township of Grand Old Mecklenburg. Nothing that other states were boasting their sixty-pound watermelons, Berryhill melon sharks come to the front with ninety-pounders. Five dollars and over is the record price, we think, to be paid for a watermelon. Several melons have brought over four dollars on the Charlotte market, and one brought over five, this being that grand old ninety-six pounder. Folks hereabouts have quit considering the 65-pounder any melon at all. The 80 and the 90-pounders hold sway. Mecklenburg cracklins are known the world over to be the best ever produced. It remained for the old county to take the lead in melons. There has always been some doubt as to whether the original location of the Garden of Eden was in Berryhill or Steel Creek townships. Old Berryhill, with her watermelon prodigies, is going far to establish her title to the claim.—Charlotte News.

In some quarters the natural, but we fear futile, hope is expressed that with all the Roman Catholic cardinals assembled in Rome to elect a successor to Piux X, there will be brought together an international body of men of such eminence that they might be able to bring peace among the nations now at war. As the heaviest representation in the college is Italian, and as the next supreme Pontiff will doubtless be an Italian, it scarcely seems likely that the Germans would be disposed to lend a respectful ear to peace proposals from them, considering Italy's shattering of the Triple Alliance. Austria, it is true, is a strongly Roman Catholic country, but is not apt to sheathe the sword while there is hope of a Teuton victory. The allies include Protestant England, Roman Catholic France and Belgium, and Greek Catholic Russia. They, too, after what has already happened in the way of bloodshed, will not be willing to listen to peace overtures, except on the same terms as they could exact after a victorious war. While any effort towards peace is to be encouraged from any quarter which holds out even the faintest ray of hope of success, it does not appear to be within the possibilities that peace will come until one side or the other has received a crushing defeat or is exhausted of men and money.—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Druggists, mail 50c and $1.00.

Williams M'f'g Co., Props., Cleveland, O. Sold by R. R. Bellamy.

Read Star Business Locals.

Special Prices on Fireless Cookers

For 10 Days Only.

See Us for a Bargain.

CAPE FEAR HARDWARE CO.

Orton Bldg. Phone 612

Purifies Blood With Telling Effect

Gives Conscious Evidence of Its Direct Action.

S. S. S., the famous blood purifier, almost talks as it sweeps its way through the circulation. Its action is so direct that very often in some forms of skin affliction the appearance of the eruptions changes over night, the itch and redness are gone and recovery begins immediately.

As a matter of fact, there is one ingredient in S. S. S. which serves the active purpose of stimulating each cellular part of the body to the healthy and judicious selection of its own essential nutriment. That is why it regenerates the blood supply; why it has such a tremendous influence in overcoming eczema, rash, pimples, and all skin afflictions.

And in regenerating the tissues S. S. S. has a rapid and positive antidotal effect upon all those irritating influences that cause rheumatism, sore throat, weak eyes, loss of weight, thin, pale cheeks, and that weariness of muscle and nerve that is generally experienced as spring fever. Get a bottle of S. S. S. at any drug store, and in a few days you will not only feel bright and energetic, but you will be the picture of new life. S. S. S. is prepared only in the laboratory of The Swift Specific Co., 534 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., who maintain a very efficient Medical Department, where all who have any blood disorder of a stubborn nature may write freely for advice and a special book of instruction. S. S. S. is sold everywhere by drug stores, department and general stores, but beware of all substitutes. Do not accept them.

STOMACH —OUT OF FIX?—

If you suffer with dyspepsia or indigestion, telephone your grocer to send you one dozen pints SHIVAR GINGER ALE. Drink one pint with each meal and, if not relieved, your grocer is authorized to charge it to the manufacturer.

SHIVAR GINGER ALE

TONIC - DIGESTIVE - DELICIOUS

Is prepared with the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Sold under a positive guarantee to relieve any case of dyspepsia or indigestion, or your money refunded.

Bottled by SHIVAR SPRING, SHELTON, S. C.

If your grocer has none in stock, tell him to telephone

E. L. MATHEWS CANDY CO.

Distributors for Wilmington.

Throw Out The Line

Give Them Help and Many Wilmington People Will be Happier.

"Throw Out the Life Line"—
Weak kidneys need help.
They're often overworked—they don't get the poison filtered out of the blood.
Will you help them?
Doan's Kidney Pills have brought benefit to thousands of kidney sufferers.
Wilmington testimony proves their worth.

Miss Mattie Hodges, 609 E. Fifth St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "I recommend Doan's Kidney Pills just as strongly today as I did some years ago when I told of my experience with them. Doan's Kidney Pills were procured from Bellamy's Drug Store, and they gave me more relief from kidney trouble than any other medicine I had ever taken. I have since been well and my kidneys and back have not troubled me."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Miss Hodges had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

$1,000.00 TO BE GIVEN AWAY

We have decided not to carry a single pair of Men's, Women's or Child's Pumps or Oxfords over until next season and to uphold our decision we are going to give a cash rebate with each pair purchased until we have given away $1,000.00. This sale to begin

Tuesday, September 1st

and continuing ten days, or until we have given away $1,000.00 in rebates.

We sell you the desired oxford or pump at regular price and then refund a part of the purchase price. In this way you see just how much you are saving on your purchase. See list below.

MEN'S

$6.00 Nettleton Oxfords, rebate of $1.75; cost you ... $4.25
$5.00 Craddock Oxfords, rebate of $1.50; cost you ... $3.50
$4.50 Craddock Oxfords, rebate of $1.25; cost you ... $3.25
$4.00 Craddock Oxfords, rebate of $1.00; cost you ... $3.00
$3.50 Craddock Oxfords, rebate of 90c.; cost you ... $2.60
$3.00 Craddock Oxfords, rebate of 75c.; cost you ... $2.25
$2.50 Craddock Oxfords, rebate of 50c.; cost you ... $.200

WOMEN'S

$4.50 La France Colonials, rebate of $1.50; cost you ... $3.00
$4.00 La France Colonials and regular pumps, rebate of $1.25; cost you ... $2.75
$3.50 Pumps and Oxfords, rebate of $1.00; cost you ... $2.50
$3.00 Pumps and Oxfords, rebate of 75c.; cost you ... $2.25
$2.50 Pumps and Oxfords, rebate of 75c.; cost you ... $1.75

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

$2.50 Pumps, sizes 12 to 2, rebate of $1.00; cost you ... $1.50
$2.00 Pumps and Oxfords, sizes 9 to 2, rebate of 75c.; cost you ... $1.25
$1.75 Pumps and Oxfords, sizes 9 to 12, rebate of 50c.; cost you ... $1.25

BOYS'

$3.50 Oxfords, sizes 2 1-2 to 5, rebate of $1.00; cost you ... $2.50
$3.00 Oxfords, sizes 2 1-2 to 5, rebate of 75c.; cost you ... $2.25
$2.50 Oxfords, sizes 2 1-2 to 5, rebate of 75c.; cost you ... $1.75

We have on display several lots of Women's and Children's Pumps and Oxfords that we are closing out for Less than original cost. Ask to see them.

Wilmington Shoe Co.

L. W. WESSELL, Manager
217 North Front Street

"ASK THOSE WHO USE IT"

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," said a wise man. We believe him, and so do you, but do you practice your convictions? With all the known methods of sanitation at your command, and a strict adherence to them, you are then sometimes sick. Did you ever seriously question why? Perhaps it is the Ice you are using. Be certain that it is not. Use Plate Ice. No serious consequences.

WHOLESOME SANITARY ECONOMIC

PLATE ICE COMPANY

'Phones 695 and 696. 5—7—9 Orange St.

CLOSE OF COTTON YEAR SHOWS BIG INCREASE

Receipts at Wilmington Is Practically 400,000 Bales

Gain of Sixteen Per Cent Over Preceding Season—Exports Were 353,313 Bales—Larger Than Average..

Cotton receipts in Wilmington for the cotton year which closed yesterday show the total to be 398,751 bales as compared with 342,753 bales for the preceding year. This is an increase of 55,998 bales, or approximately 16 per cent, over the season of 1912-13. The exported cotton for the year ending yesterday amounted to 353,313 bales as compared with 317,831 bales for the year before, or a gain of approximately 11 per cent.

The cotton year always closes on September 1st, but usually in this section some new cotton has been marketed before that time and occasionally some of it reaches Wilmington before the close of the season. The receipts for the last several weeks have been small, scarcely any cotton now being brought to this port. Whether or not new cotton will reach Wilmington soon is not known, due to the unsettled nature of the market.

The cotton season this year is a little late owing to the prolonged dry weather in the spring and early summer and the heavy rains of August, the latter serving to keep the crop from maturing so early. However, it is beginning to open and is being picked in the interior. Owing to the unprecedented conditions now existing which make it practically impossible to export cotton to foreign ports, the staple will be stored in the counties in which it is grown and shipped gradually to the mills in this country to be manufactured.

What the receipts will be in Wilmington for the ensuing year which opens today cannot now be foreseen. Should the European war continue for a long period it is not likely that much cotton will be sent here or to any of the other exporting centers. Some cotton shipped to Wilmington will be used by the mills in this city, but they will consume only a very small part of the staple usually shipped to this port.

Following are the number of bales exported to the different countries during the past year: Great Britain, 74,024; France, 102,434; Continent including Germany and other European countries, 174,855; Japan, 3,000; Total 353,313. The shipment to Japan was the first cotton ever to be sent direct from Wilmington to the Orient. Cotton has been exported to the East from this port frequently, but always before went through Europe.

The exports from Charleston for the past year were 305,407 bales and from Norfolk 136,340 bales. The total receipts at Charleston were 423,427 bales and for Norfolk the receipts were 586,003 bales. Wilmington exports a far greater percentage of the cotton received here than either of these ports, owing to the fact that there are only two large mills here.

BUSY MONDAY MORNING FOR THE RECORDER.

Big Docket Disposed of and Several Negroes Sent to County Roads.

Recorder John J. Furlong had another busy Monday morning yesterday, disposing of 25 cases in all. George Rogers, colored, who acquired some notoriety some months ago for his activity in assisting the police department in running down "blind tigers," got the longest sentence of any of the offenders, having been sent to the roads for three months for assault with a deadly weapon on a female and also getting three months for carrying the weapon concealed.

Will Chavis, colored, was given three months for using a stick on the face of Arthur Addison, another negro. Jim Teel, a well dressed negro, was given two months on the county roads for resisting an officer. He was tried some time ago on this charge and was fined $5 and the costs. He was recognized by Deputy Clerk Hogue until the afternoon in order that he might get the money. He didn't come back any more and also gave up his job. Officer Leon George ran up with him Saturday and promptly landed him behind the bars.

Will Cannady, colored, was charged with stealing an electric iron from Mr. Will Gurganus, a guard at the East Wilmington convict camp, and was sent to the roads for there months. Kate and Jim Williams, both colored, were charged with nuisance. Jim went to the roads for two months and Kate got there months o nthe county farm. Peter Howard, colored, was sent to the roads for three months on a charge of selling whiskey and was also given a month for disorderly conduct.

William Armstrong, Dave Clark and Charles Rone, all colored, were given 30 days each on the county farm on charges of gambling. Morris Baglin, white, was fined $10 and costs for resisting an officer and was taxed with the costs for violating the traffic ordinance. He served notice of appeal, but later withdrew it.

William McRae and Herbert Williams, both colored, were taxed with the costs for violating the traffic ordinance. Ben Wright, colored, for a similar offense, was allowed with a suspended judgment. B. Franks, colored, was sent to the county roads for 30 days on a charge of obstructing the sidewalk. Leon Brown, colored, was charged with vagrancy and was allowed to go with a suspended judgment. J. N. Huggins and Mary Clemmons, both colored, were each fined $10 and the costs for disorderly conduct. The latter could not pay and went to the county farm for 30 days.

PREACHES AGAIN TONIGHT.

Rev. E. C. Hardison Will Remain Over Another Day.

Rev. E. C. Hardison, who is in the city on a visit, will preach at the Fourth Street Advent Christian church again this evening at 8 o'clock. Mr. Hardison preached there morning and evening Sunday, and last evening, large congregations hearing him at each service. Following the service last evening four were baptized.

It was Mr. Hardison's intention to leave the city today, but after the service last evening a conference was held and members of the congregation prevailed upon him to stay over for another day.

The services this evening will begin at 8 o'clock, and a cordial invitation is extended the public to hear Mr. Hardison preach.

REPORTS NOW BEING ISSUED

Physical Examination of School Children Completed—Most Thorough Ever Conducted.

The physical examination of the white school children of the city, conducted by Dr. C. W. Stiles, professor in charge of the United States marine hospital here, and his corps of assistants, came to a close yesterday, ending what is aid to be the most thorough detailed study of the child that has ever been conducted in the school inspections of any city in the world. Reports on the results of the examinations have already been mailed out covering large numbers of the children, and the other reports will be mailed out during the next few weeks. The total number of children examined was about 2,500.

Dr. Stiles yesterday issued the following "notice to parents" regarding reports on the examination of their children, which will be of interest:

"The physical examination of the white school children in Wilmington classes today (Monday, August 31st) and from now on it will be impossible for us to make further engagements except upon special request from the family physician who may have some sick or sickly children under treatment and who may desire a report upon examinations of the special kind we have been making.

"Reports have already been mailed to parents giving the results of the inspection of over 500 children.

"Reports are completed for about 2,000 additional children and these will be mailed within the next few days.

"The remaining reports are now being prepared and it is expected that all will be mailed before October 1st.

"Some of these reports are of necessity incomplete because some of the children were not present at all of the examinations.

"The complete reports are the result of between three and five hours' work on each child, including the time spent in the examination, and the additional time spent on microscopic studies of the case. Accordingly, the complete reports represent a more detailed study of the child than has ever been conducted in the school inspections of any other city in the world. As a rule, school inspection rarely involves over over 20 minutes to each child.

"In wording our reports we have tried to direct attention of parents to the condition of their children without, however, causing alarm.

"It may be well to give a few words of general explanation in regard to the wording of a large number of these reports.

"In the vast majority of cases the teeth of the children should receive better care and attention. If the report states that the teeth need better care, this may mean that on the particular day when we examined them they were not properly cleaned or it may mean that the child should be taken to a dentist.

"We have purposely refrained in most cases from suggesting a visit to the dentist, believing that when the attention of the parents is directed to the lack of care of the teeth, they will have sufficient interest in their children to look into the subject and see and judge conditions for themselves.

"In case the tonsils were enlarged at the time of examination, this fact is reported. Not every case of enlarged tonsils means their excision. In some cases, enlarged tonsils decrease, in other cases they increase. If parents will only look at their children's tonsils, they can usually recognize whether or not they are enlarged. If tonsils are enlarged and inflamed, and if the hearing is not normal, or if the tonsils are greatly enlarged and obstructing the breathing, or if the tonsils are enlarged and the child complains of severe "growing pains," parents should take the child to a throat specialist for advice as to the removal of these glands. In only a relatively few cases have we placed in our reports the statement that the tonsils should be removed. These were instances of special importance and it has not been our general policy to advise for or against an operation, as we have felt that the final word should be spoken by the throat specialist.

"In many cases we have reported that there was a possibility or an indication of adenoids. For obvious reasons, we have refrained from making digital examinations of the throat and nose, but during the examinations this summer we have made many with a mirror. If adenoids are suspected it would be wise for parents to watch the children during sleep, and to observe whether they breathe through the mouth or whether the breathing is noisy and harsh. Mouthbreathing may be onl ya habit or it may be due to an obstruction. If the habit can not be broken, adenoids should be seriously suspected and a throat specialist should be consulted.

"When report is made that the "Red Blood Cells" are below standard, this means that the child needs building up as his blood is below normal. When it is reported that the "White Blood Cells" 'are too nuferous, this means that there is evidence of some infection (in the tonsils, adenoids, teeth, glands or elsewhere). When the hemoglobin is reported as below standard or normal, this means that the blood is not red enough. Any lowered condition of the blood calls for attention—fresh air, more food, change of food, or special treatment, according to conditions.

"When the neck glands are reported as enlarged, this does not mean that there is, of necessity any special danger present, but in such cases the parent should keep a watch on these glands and if they increase as time goes on, the family physician should be promptly consulted.

"If the eyes are reported as below or above normal, and if the child complains of many headaches, he should be taken to an eye-specialist to seek advice as to whether the headaches are due to eye-strain, and whether glasses are required.

"In many instances we report that the shoulders and back need better development. In most of these cases, systematic gymnastics will rectify the trouble.

"In case the thyroid gland is reported as enlarged, this is of significance only in certain cases which we have endeavored to explain to the mothers at the time of the examination. At puberty, there may be a temporary physiological enlargement of this gland.

In a few cases parents will receive two reports instead of one. This is explained by several circumstances. For instance, we may have papers under the same name, but with two different addresses and in some cases we can not tell whether they belong to two children or whether the family has moved. Further, in some instances, reports have been completed and perhaps mailed, and a belated microscopic examination has later been made, thus necessitating a second report. For instance, in one report we may say that there was no microscopic examination; and in a later report, we may give the results of such an examination; this would mean that the examination was made after the first report was written. Several other possibilities have caused supplemental reports. Should there be any apparent discrepancies because of supplemental reports, we will be pleased to explain them if the parents will come to us with the papers.

"Dealing with the very large number of examinations we have been making since June 1, 1913, the possibility is, of course, not excluded that we have made a few mistakes. We have endeavored to take all reasonable precautions against errors and if any are discovered we shall be only too willing to acknowledge and correct them.

"If our findings do not agree with the findings of your family physician or the throat specialist, three possibilities are present, namely, a change in condition may have occurred between the time of the examination made by us, and that made by your family physician, or there may be a legitimate difference of opinion between him and us, or one of us (we or he) has made an error in observation or judgment. Your physician has acted in good faith and so have we, and a conference between us, if desired by you, will straighten out the apparent discrepancy.

"Respectfully,
"C. W. STILES,
"Professor in Charge."

MENHADEN MOVING NORTH

Busy Season for Local Fisheries Now On—Large Schools of Fish in Local Waters.

With the arrival of large schools of menhaden, commonly known as "fatbacks," in the waters off this coast, the busy season for the two fisheries located on the Cape Fear river below Wilmington is now on and heavy catches are being reported by the fishing steamers. The season this fall starts off somewhat later than usual, but the countless numbers of the fish now moving northward lead the fishermen to believe that the season will be a good one.

The two local factories are the Carolina Coast Products Company and the Ocean Fisheries Company. The latter is controlled altogether by local capital, and at present is operating under a receivership, though, it is stated, the company will be reorganized shortly. The two companies operate about ten fishing steamers, and are capable of handling about 10,000 barrels of fish daily each.

The products manufactured from the menhaden are fish scrap, a fertilizer material with a high ammonial content, and the oil from the fish, which is used in tempering steel, for dressing leather, and the manufacture of oil cloth and linoleum.

With a good season, the output of the factories will be from 6,000 to 10,000 tons of fish scrap, which should command an especially good price now, in view of the scarcity of fertilizer materials, on account of the war abroad, and from 6,000 to 8,000 barrels of oil. Five steamers are already engaged in fishing these waters, and as many more will likely be put on as the season advances and the fish become more plentiful.

The menhaden, at this season of the year, are traveling northward in vast schools, and in passing this coast, linger usually for some time. The fishing in this section is usually fair through September and October, and exceptionally good through November and until the middle of December. The fishing then ceases to be profitable until the spring, when the menhaden start moving back southward.

The fact that menhaden have been reported as scarce around Long Island and that the fishing in Chesapeake Bay is indifferent contributes to the probability that the local factories will enjoy a profitable season.

NEELY FAILED TO APPEAR.

George Sarvis Is Arrested on Charge of Selling Whiskey.

When Justice Harriss yesterday called the case of J. B. Neely, who is charged with selling whiskey, the defendant failed to appear and it was reported that he had left the city. When arrested Saturday night at No. 138 South Front street, where he was in charge of the store, located there, he stated to Constable Davis that the place did not belong to him ,but to George Sarvis. The latter was out of the city temporarily, he said, and he was keeping his store open until Sarvis returned.

Constable Davis arrested Sarvis yesterday morning on a charge of selling whiskey and he gave bond in the sum of $200 with Mr. Oscar B. Peck as surety for his appearance Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock for trial. Neely was recognized Saturday night in the sum of $100 for his appearance before Justice Harriss yesterday morning. After his failure to show up Justice Harriss declared his recognizance forfeited and issued a capias for his arrest.

In the lot of beer, cider and other drinkables found at the place Saturday night was a 20-gallon keg of cider, on which was marked the name of F. E. Hashagen, a well known wholesale merchant of this city. Justice Harriss stated yesterday that he was investigating this feature of the case.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Number of Papers Filed for Registration Yesterday.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Robert McLaughlin to Ophelia Foy, for $10 and other considerations, lot on north line of Wooster, 150 feet east of Ninth street, 22.5x116 feet in size.

Tom Hooper and wife to Harriet Blackwood, for $100 and other considerations, lot on south line of Ann, 121 feet west of 14th street.

C. L. Short and wife to G. A. P. Bowman and wife, for $10 and other considerations, lots 316 and 317, Lake Side Park.

W. H. McEachern and wife to G. A. P. Bowman and wife, for $100 and other considerations, tract in Masonboro township, adjoining lands of G. W. Rodgers, containing 13 acres.

Susan E. Moore, executrix, to Dr. John C. Wessell, for $100 and other considerations, lot on northeast corner of 12th and Princess streets.

Southern Realty & Development Company to C. L. Short, for $150 and other considerations, lots 316 and 317, Lake Side Park.

Alex Bradley and others to C. B. Parmele, for $100 and other considerations, tract of five acres in Harnett township, adjoining the Oleander subdivision.

By another deed C. B. Parmele transfers the same property to the Tidewater Power Company, for $1,500.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONFERENCE

Enthusiastic Meeting Closed at Willard Sunday—Resolution of Respect Adopted.

The annual Sunday school conference of the Wilmington Baptist Association, which closed Sunday morning after having been in session for three days at Willard, was one of the best attended and the most enthusiastic conferences that has been held in the association in several years. The people of Willard displayed their usual hospitality and strangers were made to feel at home. There were three sessions each day on Friday and Saturday and every phase of Sunday school work was discussed.

A feature of the conference Saturday was a stirring address by Rev. D. W. Herring, who has spent 29 years as a missionary in China. He emphasized the importance of Sunday schools taking more interest in mission work. Following the morning session a sumptuous dinner was spread upon the grounds, sufficient for all to have all that they wanted to eat.

There was only one session Sunday, this being the regular 11 o'clock service. Rev. O. N. Marshall, pastor of the Baptist church at Seagate, preached an eloquent and impressive sermon, his subject being "The Rewards of the Teacher." He made an earnest plea that teachers would seek to bring the members of their classes into the church and that they would do all possible to make them consecrated Christians, this being the highest reward that they could expect tot reap.

Rev. Oscar Powell, whose home is in Louisiana, attended the meeting and made several talks. He is spending his vacation with relatives near Willard.

At the meeting Saturday resolutions were adopted in memory of the Rev. J. A. Smith, whose death occurred at his home in this city Friday afternoon, as follows:

"Whereas, God in His wisdom has removed from our midst one of our most faithful ministers, Reverend J. A. Smith; be it resolved:

"First, That while we bow in humble submission to our Father's will, we shall miss him, but ever cherish his memory as the faithful champion of civic and religious reform.

"Second, That in the passing of Brother Smith, the denomination has lost one of its loyal supporters, and our association one of its best Gospel preachers.

"Third, That we tender to his bereaved family our deepest sympathy in this hour of darkness, but congratulate them on the rich heritage he has left.

"Fourth, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family and to the Wilmington newspapers.

"G. E. LEFTWICH,
"R. F. HIGHSMITH,
"E. F. POWERS.
"Committee."

OPEN BIDS TODAY.

Reported That Market Street Improvement May Yet Be Held Up.

City Council will meet today at noon for the purpose of opening bids for paving Market street, both sides, from 10th to 17th, with bitulithic, and rumors going the rounds yesterday in circles close to the city government had it that an attempt would be made to hold the matter up once more on the ground that as only one company manufactures bitulithic, the city is not getting the benefit of competitive bidding. This point was brought up on several occasions while the matter was first under consideration, and after Council had changed its position on the matter several times, it was finally decided that bitulithic was the most suitable material and that this could be called for in the advertisements asking for bids.

It was reported that a telegram had been sent to Councilman Wood, who is out of the city, and who, before he left expressed himself at a caucus held to discuss the matter, as being in favor of throwing open the bidding to include all standard paving materials, asking that he return to the city. This however, has not been confirmed.

In view of the fact that Councilman Jones will be absent, attending the funeral of his mother, it is hardly likely that the contract for the paving work will be awarded today, according to a statement of a member of Council yesterday. He thought, it likely that the matter would be left over until the regular weekly meeting tomorrow.

ANNUAL FLORIDA EXCURSION.

Low Fares Offered by the Atlantic Coast Line Sept. 22nd.

The Atlantic Coast Line announces in today's Star thei rannual excursion to Jacksonville and Tampa, Fla., which will be on Tuesday, September 22nd. The fares will be the same as last year, six: $7.50 to Jacksonville and return and $9.50 to Tampa and return, an dthe tickets will be limited returning until midnight of Tuesday, September 29th, on or before which time the original starting point must be reached.

Similar fares will be made on the same date from all points on the Coast Line in North Carolina, Virginia and South Carolina.

The tickets will be first class in every particular, notwithstanding the low fares, and parties who propose to make the trip should make reservations in sleeping cars at the earliest date, provided sleepers are desired, so that an ample number of cars may be provided.

More particulars are given in the advertisement which appears in another column.

MR. J. H. CLEMMONS DEAD.

Well Known Citizen of Southport Died Saturday Afternoon.

Many friends and acquaintances in Wilmington have been deeply grieved to learn of the death of Mr. J. H. Clemmons, of Southport, which occurred at his home there last Saturday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

Mr. Clemmons was 82 years of age, and is survived by his aged widow, by one son, Mr. W. J. Clemmons, of Wilmington, and one daughter, Mrs. J. J. Adkins, of Southport, all of whom will have the tender sympathy of many friends.

The deceased was a Confederate veteran, having seen service during the War Between the States as a pilot. Later on, after the war, he was a well known steamboat man on the Cape Fear.

The funeral was held Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock from the home. Rev. C. C. Wheeler, of the Baptist church, conducted the services, which were largely attended by sorrowing friends from all over the section. The interment was in the family burying ground at Southport.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

The Small Saver

Finds at this bank every convenience known to modern banking and the most polite and courteous attention. He feels that his account is appreciated here; that the bank wants his business and encourages him in his efforts to save.

4 Per Cent

Interest, compounded quarterly, paid on all accounts of $5.00 and over.

Assured of absolute safety and the ability to get your money at any time; there are very few investments that will better a savings account here.

Corner Front and Princess Sts.

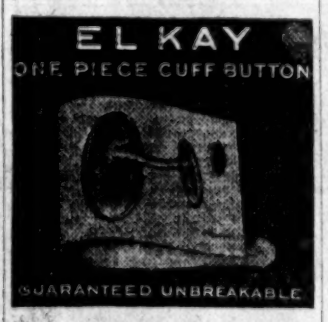
September 1st-2nd

Our regular Interest Quarter will begin September 1st. All deposits made on Wednesday, September 2nd, will bear interest from September 1st, receiving credit in three months,—at our December 1st quarter.

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

110 PRINCESS STREET

Capital and Surplus - - - - - - $400,000.00
Resources - - - - - - - - - - - $2,500,000.00



Geo. W. Huggins
JEWELER
105 Market Street.

EVERGLADE CAFE
—113 Princess Street—
RUN BY AMERICANS.

Extra help added to our force, making for quicker and better service.

We carry special menu for Breakfast. Also Special Dinners and Special Suppers.

Guarantee everything in season.

Open Day and Night

SHEPARD BROS., Proprietors.
C. T. McKEITHAN, Manager.
'Phone 150.

A. B. Croom, Jr., Company
WHOLESALE GROCERS
Wilmington, N. C.

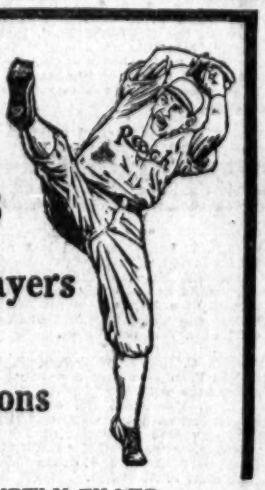
SPECIALTIES:

Flour, Rice, Coffee, Molasses, Cakes, Candy and Drug Specialties.

Write for prices and call to see us, when in city.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Reach
BASE BALL GOODS
Make Famous Players
USED BY THE
World's Champions
EXCLUSIVELY



MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.
J. W. Murchison & Co.
WHOLESALE HARDWARE

ALPHA PORTLAND CEMENT

We are now receiving cargo of 18,000 Bags Alpha Portland Cement, and offer this high grade material at attractive prices.

We respectfully solicit your orders.

W. B. Thorpe & Company
'Phone 789.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS
MILL—RAILROAD—STEAMBOAT WORK
FOUNDERS—BOILER MAKERS—MACHINISTS.
MOTOR BOAT BUILDERS
Railroad and Wharf Facilities
WORK AND PRICES GUARANTEED

'LIVEN UP'

A sluggish liver is the cause of many of mankind's aches and pains. Don't try to wish away that "slow drag feeling." Let us send you a package of A. D. S. HEPATIC SALTS—25 and 50 cent sizes. Especially beneficial in cases of Rheumatism and Gout.

N. B.—We have recently purchased a large stock of delightfully perfumed VIOLET BORATED TALCUM POWDER—one pound cans—which we will sell for 25 cents. It's a really delightful toilet necessity. Call for Hardin's Brand.

1880 Hardin's Pharmacy 1914
QUICK DELIVERY SPECIALISTS.
'Phone 55. 126 So. Front St.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mr. J. E. Dixon left yesterday morning to enter Elon College.

* * *

Miss Elmer Bryan and Jesse May Rose were visitors in the city yesterday.

* * *

Miss Emily Toon has returned from a visit of several weeks to friends in New York.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. L. Crocker and children have returned from a visit to the mountains of North Carolina.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Dixon, of No. 309 North Front street, will leave this week for their old home at Wallace, where they will reside in the future.

* * *

Miss Blanche Burke and mother, of Maxton, returned home yesterday afternoon after spending a week here with relatives.

* * *

The regular meeting of the W .C. T. U. will be held at the First Baptist church this afternoon at 5 o'clock. All members are urged to be present.

* * *

Miss Thelma McGowan, of Willard, who has been visiting friends in the city, returned home Sunday. She was accompanied by Miss Bessie Nixon, who will visit her for a few days.

* * *

Misses Nora and Marguerite Thompson, of Baltimore, Md., are visiting at the home of their brother, Mr. H. D. Thompson, Jr., No. 419 South Third street.

* * *

Mrs. and Mrs. E. L. Smith and two daughters, Misses LeGolda and Myrtle, have returned from Hendersonville, where they have been spending the summer.

* * *

Misses Beatrice Gregson and Gertrude Cosdy, of Hamlet, returned home yesterday afternoon after spending a week with friends and relatives in Wilmington and on Masonboro Sound.

* * *

All members of the Epworth League of Fifth Street Methodist church, are requested to attend the meeting tonight, as officers will be elected for the ensuing year.

* * *

Mr. J. P. Seitters, physical director of the Y. M. C. A., and Mrs. Seitters returned yesterday from a month's vacation which was spent with friends and relatives in Chattanooga, Tenn., and Detroit, Mich.

* * *

The children of St. John's mission are greatly indebted to Mr. A. L. Ezell, manager of the Mint-Cola plant, for his generosity in sending them at their playground yesterday afternoon delicious fountain drinks.

* * *

Rev. Thos. P. Noe, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, left on an early train this morning for Beaufort, N. C., where he is called on account of the illness of his mother. He will be absent from the city for several days.

* * *

Mrs. F. B. Clausen and children returned yesterday morning on the Clyde Line steamer Cherokee from New York, where they spent six weeks with relatives and friends. Rev. Mr. Clausen returned Saturday by rail from New York.

* * *

Mrs. R. I. Lanier arrived last night from Louisville, Ky., to visit Mrs. Geo. E. Leftwich, No. 515 Chestnut street. Her husband has recently accepted the pastorate of a Baptist church in Durham and she will join him there after a visit of a few days here.

* * *

Mrs. A. C. Smith, of Savannah, Ga., who has been spending a part of the summer here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Merriman, No. 404 Orange street, returned home yesterday afternoon. She was accompanied by her husband, who was called to Wilmington on account of the death of his father, Rev. J. A. Smith.

* * *

The following passengers arrived yesterday on the steamship Cherokee from New York: Miss Jennie Craig, Miss F. Tienken, Mrs. F. B. Clausen, Miss M. Teidman, Mrs. Walter A. Moore and baby, Miss Emily Toon, and Messrs. H. Goldberger, Peter Brauk, H. deW. Rapalje, S. Goldstein, J. P. Slocum, T. B. Baxter and J. B. Hanby.

* * *

Mrs. C. P. Bolles and children returned yesterday from Carolina Beach, where they spent the month of August at their cottage. Miss Annie Belle DeVane, of Red Springs, who has been visiting Mrs. Bolles at the Beach, returned with them and will spend a short time in the city before returning to he rhome.

* * *

A number of young men left yesterday morning for Rutherfordton to enter Westminster School, near that place. Those in the party were: Messrs. John Bonitz, Richard Warren, John French, Kyle Bannerman, Frederick Burr, Samuel Behrends, Martel Tremaine, Dudley Howell, Will Toon, Paul Rogers, David Roberts and Percy Kennedy. Mr. Edwin McClure left several days ago.

* * *

Greensboro, Aug. 31.—Friends in the city are in receipt of invitations to the marriage of Miss Mary Leigh Pell to Mr. Alfred Moore Scales, of this city, September 16th, in Centenary church, Richmond, Va. Miss Pell is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Edward Leigh Pell, Dr. Pell being the author of Pell's Sunday School notes, and a brother of Judge G. P. Pell, of the State Corporation Commission. Mr. Scales is one of the State's leading attorneys and has been prominent in State politics.

* * *

GOVERNOR AND MRS. CRAIG ENTERTAIN 50 YOUNG PEOPLE

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 31.—Fifty young people were guests of Governor and Mrs. Craig at the Governor's Mansion tonight for a lovely dance complimentary to their son, Midshipman Carlyle Craig, just back from a cruise of the Mediterranean and North seas. Midshipman Walker Scott, of Fort Leavenworth, and Stewart Adams Hamilton, of Bridgeport, Conn., also spend some time at the mansion.

* * *

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Riley C. Dixon, No. 309 North Front street, Mr. Robert Culclasure and Miss Nellie Dixon were married yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church. The wedding was very quiet and only members of the family were present. They left on the afternoon train on their honeymoon, which will be spent in Southern cities. The young people have many friends who will extend best wishes and congratulations.

* * *

MISS FLORENCE MURPHY CHARMINGLY ENTERTAINS.

Atkinson, N. C., Aug. 31.—Miss Florence Murphy was the charming hostess to a party of friends at her home here Thursday evening in honor of her guest, Miss Mary Baugle, of Charlotte. The guests were seated at tables where they were most delightfully entertained with games of progressive hearts under the skilled direction of the hostess, assisted by Miss Katie Hawes. The prize was won by Miss Bessie Alderman, who very graciously presented it to the guest of honor.

After the games followed delicious refreshments; cream and cake, punch and candies. Miss Baugle delighted the guests with her excellent rendition of several beautiful piano solos. Her attractive manner and pleasing personality have won for her a large circle of friends in this community who will always remember her visit with pleasure.

All were enthusiastic in their expressions of praise of the attractive hostess, who is always at her best when entertaining her hosts of friends.

Wrightsville Beach

Miss Rosa Owen McDavid, of Birmingham, Ala., is visiting Miss Kate Northrop.

Friends will regret to learn that Mr. Nathan Schloss suffered a stroke of paralysis at his cottage Sunday. His entire left side is affected. He was reported yesterday as being improved.

The regular mid-week dance will be give nat Lumina tomorrow night. Miss Chanler and Mr. West will dance the Barcarolle. Indeed there will be something of interest at Lumina every night this week.

Miss Chanler and Mr. West gave an exhibition of the hesitation dance at Lumina last night which was very much enjoyed by all present. For their second dance they gave an exhibition of the one-step which was most artistic. Tonight they will dance the tango Argentina.

For tonight's bill at lively Lumina a special attraction has been booked that is entirely out of the ordinary run of movies. It is a rousing two-reel Kleine- Celio feature drama, "The Artist's Model," a production that has been especially booked as an extra attraction for tonight. It will be found one of the greatest dramatic hits of the season, and will appeal to everyone. "The Adventures of the Extra Baby" is a rousing Edison comedy that brings u pt he rear with a flourish.

The "war dance," an entirely new feature at Lumina, will be introduced Thursday night and it is expected that this will drawn a record-breaking crowd to the beach. The four great powers of Europe, England, Germany, Russia and France, will be represented by 12 couples each, the ladies' flags signifying to which country they belong and the gentlemen carrying pop guns for "artillery." After dancing a series of figures, which have been carefully marked out to represent the war campaign, there will be the entry of 36 coupies, carrying large United States flags, who will mingle in with the others, bringing the dance to a close. The idea is a suggestion submitted by Mrs. E. M. Dewey, of Orange street.

LOCAL DOTS.

—License was issued yesterday for the marriage of Mr. Ralph T. Gaston, of Wilmington, and Miss Mary L. Adams, of Leland.

Divorce proceedings were started in Superior Court yesterday by Dora G. Carter against Ollie Carter. W. J. Bellamy, Esq., represents the plaintiff.

—The Chamber of Commerce has received from the Government a book of charts, coast pilots and tide tables which are for the use of the public generally.

—Mr. E. P. Dudley, formerly with the Pickard-Bleecker Auto. Co., has accepted a position as salesman and service man with Mr. W. D. MacMillan, Jr. He can be found at Mr. MacMillan's garage, where he will be glad to greet his friends.

—Mr. R. A. Burnett, superintendent of roads for New Hanover county, has received a letter from Dr. Joseph Hyde Pratt, secretary of the North Carolina Good Roads Association, requesting Mr. Burnett to spend specimens of soil in this county and photographs of the splendid roads of New Hanover to be exhibited at the State Fair this fall.

—His friends will regret to learn that Mr. E. F. Knight, a well known engineer of the Atlantic Coast Line, had the misfortune to be struck by a passing automobile on Red Cross street yesterday morning. One of his legs was slightly injured and he was taken to the office of the Atlantic Coast Line physician to have is dressed. It is not known who was driving the machine.

—The September issue of Agwi, the attractive monthly periodical published by the Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines, which include the Clyde Line, has a most interesting article on Wilmington. It describes the city in detail, telling of its many advantages as a commercial center, its water facilities and other features. It also gives a history of the city. It is illustrated with a fine view of the water front and a splendid picture of the union station.

BOYS' DEPARTMENT WILL OPEN TONIGHT.

Director Odis B. Hinnant Arrived from Richmond Last Night.

Mr. Odis B. Hinnant, the newly elected director of the boys' department of the local Y. M. C. A., arrived last night from his home in South Richmond, Va., and will assume active charge of this work today. He will be given a reception by the boys at the association building this evening. After meeting Mr. Hinnant the boys will have a general good time and are looking forward with much pleasure to the occasion.

Mr. Hinnant has been engaged in working with boys for the past ten years and is a thoroughly experienced man. He is a graduate of Richmond College and of the Y. M. C. A. Summer School at Blue Ridge. He succeeds Mr. Edward Roberts, who is now in West Virginia.

Mr. C. E. Cline, who aided Mr. Roberts so much in this work last year in connection with his duties as one of the associate secretaries of the Y. M. C. A., sailed Saturday afternoon for New York. From the metropolis he will go to Ontario, Canada, to visit his parents before going to Chicago to enter a Y. M. C. A. training school. He will be especially missed by the boys.

THEATRICAL

When it comes right down to tacks, the Bijou is always right "there" with the goods—the newest, brightest, biggest and cleanest that there is on the market at any price.

Today's bill is headed by a magnificent treat for Bijou goers, in a big dramatic treat featuring none other than that great screen favorite, petite little Mary Pickford, supported by King Baggott, the most noted and popular actor on the stage today in pictures. It is "Love's Refrain," and it is a brand new release from the Universal studios, bearing a release date well along in August.

But there is more to come. A magnificent Victor production, "Simple Faith" is a drama that contains all that a big dramatic picture should contain, it is thrilling and interesting throughout. It features such stars as Alice May and Irene Wallace.

Then there comes the third big drama of the day, a Nestor production entitled "On Rugged Shores," and it features Eddie Lyons and Victoria Forde in the stellar roles, and is directed by that peerless leader, Al E. Christie.

The comedy end is supported by a rousing Majestic, "Their First Acquaintance," a comedy with a thrill to it.

Banner Week at the Grand.

The Grand's great banner week, the most extraordinary period in the history of Wilmington "movies," opened with a bang and in most brilliant manner yesterday. Due to the fact that the film of "The Princess of Bagdad" did not meet the approval of the critical eye of the Grand management, who never allow anything to be presented in their theatre but what is the very best, it was decided yesterday to substitute another show today for this one. The substitution will be much finer and the same old tiny price of 5 cents admission, afternoon and night, will hold forth.

Clever, charming Mary Fuller, supported by artists of note, will lead the way, appearing in the 11th of the "Dolly of the Daily" series. In this film "Dolly at the Helm", Miss Fuller does her best acting.

Princess Mona Darkfeather comes next on the list and this noted actress will be seen in a great Indian story, "Lame Dog's Treachery." It is a thriller all the way through. Next comes one of the favorites of the movies, handsome, dashing G. M. Anderson, who will appear in the title role of "Broncho Billy and the Sheriff."

There will also be plenty of big laughs today, as Lubin's chief funmaker, "Mandy's Chicken Dinner," will be presented.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. John Carter went to Fayetteville yesterday afternoon on a short business trip.

—Mr. Marvin J. Cowell returned yesterday from Durham, where he spent the week-end with friends.

DAMAGE TO THE LAWRENCE.

Fishing Steamer Being Repaired on Marine Railway.

The fishing steamer Lawrence, which struck an uncharted obstruction off Corn Cake Inlet Saturday and was towed to Wilmington in a leaking condition, was hauled out of the river and upon the marine railway yesterday morning.

The official survey proved that two of her bottom planks on the starboard side and several ribs had been broken entirely in two and a hole several feet in diameter was the result. Except for the fact that her hold is a water tight compartment it is practically certain that the vessel would have sunk at sea. Her false keel is entirely gone and her keel badly damaged, while some damage was done to her machinery.

Necessary repairs will be made during the next few days and the vessel will be ready to renew her fishing off the coast.

The obstruction struck is one uncharted and so farras is known the Lawrence is the only vessel that has ever struck it. The obstruction is supposed to be the wreck of some vessel sunk long years ago. Action will be taken soon to locate it to prevent similar accidents.

ENDORSES WAREHOUSE PLAN.

Georgetown Chamber of Commerce Thinks Proposition is Good.

Mr. W. D. Morgan, president of the chamber of commerce of Georgetown, S. C., has written the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce a letter in which he strongly endorses the plan for storing cotton in the community where it is raised. Copies of the plan, adopted by the Wilmington Chamber, have been sent to all towns and cities in the South. It was first submitted by Mr. J. Allan Taylor.

Mr. Morgan states that it is the most business-like proposition that he has received. He also comments on the widespread interest it has received and states that he believes that it will be a great benefit to the South.

SAW NO WARSHIPS.

Cherokee Had Uneventful Voyage to Wilmington from New York.

The Clyde Line steamer Cherokee arrived in port yesterday morning from New York. While no warships were sighted, the wireless apparatus of the Cherokee heard the British warship Essex sending and receiving messages while off the Jersey coast. Capt. G. Bunnell and Chief Engineer B. O. Young said that they did not doubt, however, that foreign vessels were in American waters.

The Cherokee brought down a large cargo of merchandise, the European war seemingly having no effect upon the coastwise trading.

FUNERAL OF MRS. JONES.

Mother of Councilman Jones to Be Taken to Farmers for Interment.

The remains of Mrs. Annie E. Jones, whose death occurred Sunday night at the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. H. Jarman, at Seventh and Grace streets, will be taken to Farmer's in Brunswick county, on the early train this morning. The funeral and interement will take place there today and will be attended by a number of friends from this city.

Rev. Father Hayden will conduct the funeral services. Mrs. Jones was a faithful member of St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral.

BANK OF LUMBERTON APPLIES FOR CHARTER.

Oldest Bank in Robeson Desires to Nationalize.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 31.—The Comptroller of the Currency today approved the application of the Bank of Lumberton to convert into the "National Bank of Lumberton."

The present cotton and tobacco crisis has demonstrated very clearly to the State banks and trust companies the advantages of becoming national banks and many of them are asking for national ban kcharters. P. R. A.

CHARMING BLOUSES
LATEST MODELS
Crepe de Chine, Chiffon and Taffeta
A. Brown

GRAND
TODAY
"DOLLY AT THE HELM."
The Eleventh of the Active Life of "Dolly of the Dailies," Featuring Mary Fuller.
"BRONCHO BILLY AND THE SHERIFF."
A Western Love Story, Featuring Mr. G. M. Anderson.
Lubin Comedy
"MANDY'S CHICKEN DINNER."
It's a Scream, "Real Comedy."
Kalem Offers
"LAME DOG'S TREACHERY."
Featuring Princess Mona Darkfeather.
ADMISSION ONLY 5 CENTS.

MARY PICKFORD
—and—
KING BAGGOT
—in—
"LOVE'S REFRAIN."
"SIMPLE FAITH."
Big Victor Drama Featuring Irene Wallace and Alice May.
"ON RUGGED SHORES."
Thrilling Nestor Drama Featuring Victoria Forde and Eddie Lyons.
"THEIR FIRST ACQUAINTANCE."
A Majestic Comedy—A Comedy With a Thrill to It.
FIVE CENTS
BIJOU

LUMINA
TONIGHT
MOTION PICTURES
"THE ARTIST'S MODEL"
A Kleine-Celio Feature Drama in Two Reels.
"The ADVENTURE of the EXTRA BABY"
Rousing Edison Comedy.
MUSIC—DANCING

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., (Inc.)
Successors to H. L. Fennell
DEALERS IN
Hudson, Overland, Maxwell Cars
All Accessories. Storage.
Garage: 114 North 2nd Street

J. M. SOLKY & CO.
Fall Styles —in— Strouse & Bros. and B. Kuppenheimer Suits.
Modes for Men and Boys
Fall Styles —in— Knox Hats and Stetson Hats.
Fall and Winter 1914-1915 Clothing
Our shelves are stocked with the newest things for Fall and Winter Suits, Hats, Caps and Underwear. We have what you want at the right price.
J. M. SOLKY & CO.
One Price Clothiers and Furnishers.
'Phone No. 617. No. 9 N. Front St.

Lesson in Scientific Complexion Renewing
Everyone has a beautiful skin underneath the one exposed to view. Bear that in mind and it will be easier to understand the correct principle in acquiring a lovely complexion. Nature is constantly shedding the top skin in flaky particles like dandruff, only much smaller in size. In abnormal conditions, or in advancing age, these particles are not shed as rapidly as in robust youth. The longer they remain the more soiled or faded they become—that's the immediate cause of a "bad complexion."
It has been discovered that ordinary mercolized wax to be had at any drug store, will absorb these worn-out particles. The absorption, while hastening Nature's work, goes on gradually enough to cause no inconvenience. In a week or two the transformation is complete. The fresh, healthy-hued, youthful underskin is then wholly in evidence. You who are not satisfied with your complexions should get an ounce of mercolized wax and try this treatment. Use the wax nightly, like cold cream, washing it off mornings.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 29, 1914.—Sealed proposals for construction of the motor survey boat Neuse will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon, Sept. 28, 1914, and then publicly opened. Information on application. H. W. Stickle, Maj. Engrs.

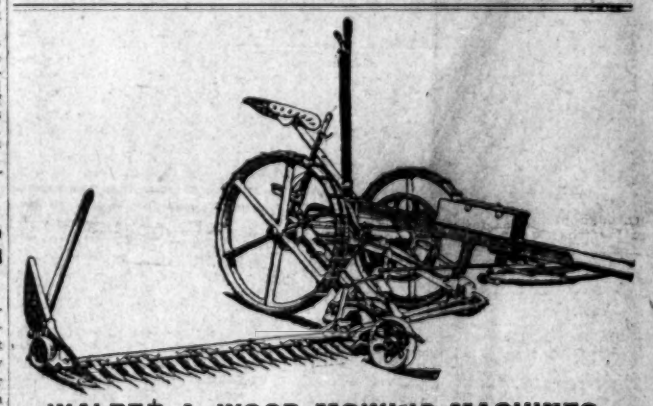
Only One "BROMO QUININE"
To get the genuine, call for full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.
(advertisement.)

CURES PIMPLES EASILY.
Simple Remedy That Clears Skin Quickly of All Eruptions.
For several weeks past J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company have done a big business in selling Hokara, the skin healer that has won so many friends in Wilmington.
It has been found to heal not only all minor skin troubles, such as pimples, blackheads, herpes, acne, scaly scalp, complexion blemishes, itching feet, piles, etc., but also the worst sores, ulcers, or even chronic eczema and salt rheum. There has yet to be found any form of wound or disease affecting the skin or mucous membrane that Hokara does not help, and its action is so quick that those who try it are simply delighted with it right from the start.
In spite of the unusual curative powers, the price is trifling. To convince everyone of its merits, J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., will sell a liberal-sized jar for 25c. And remember that if you do not think it does what is claimed, you get your money back. You certainly can afford to try it on this plan.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Trust & Banking Co. will be held at its office at Front and Market streets, in the city of Wilmington, county of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, on the 9th day of September, 1914, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
R. L. HENLEY, Cashier.
August 31st, 1914.

"Needless to Have Superfluous Hair"
Says Mrs. Osgood
After years of disappointing experiments, Mrs. Osgood has found a Wonder-Remedy that quickly and safely removes all signs of superfluous hair on face, neck, arms, or elsewhere, without the slightest annoyance, or risk of injuring the skin. No nerve-racking needle or evil-smelling depilatories. Simply appiy the prescription as directed, and all unsightly embarrassing hair quickly disappears.
Mrs. Osgood's Wonder is sold on a Money-Back basis by J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., who reports many satisfied customers. All first-class druggists and department stores carry it now. Get this famous prescription today—at once—and rid yourself of every trace of superfluous hair without delay.

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Garrell Building.


WALTER A. WOOD MOWING MACHINES AND HORSE RAKES
We are this day receiving our first carload of these Superior Machines. We will put them up against any machine sold and controlled by the great Harvester Trust.
WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
East Carolina Distributing Agents.
PURCELL BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C.

Bids For Street Work
Sealed proposals for grading and paving certain streets in and for the City of Wilmington, N. C., will be received by the Councilmen, at the City Hall, up to 12 o'clock, noon, September 1st, 1914, and at that time they will be opened and publicly read, addressed to B. A. Merritt, Councilman of Streets, and endorsed "Proposal for Paving Streets."
The work for which proposals are invited consist approximately of 18,000 square yards of Bithulithic Pavement.
Each proposal must be accompanied with a certified check in the sum of five (5 per cent) per cent of the contract price, made payable to the Mayor of the City of Wilmington.
Specifications and blank forms of proposals can be obtained by application to the Councilman of Streets, and a full set of plans can be seen atthe office of the Engineer, or of the Councilman. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.
F. F. PILLET, City Engineer.
B. A. MERRITT, Councilman of Streets.

IF YOU ARE
Troubled With Mosquitoes
Spray Shepard's House Fly and Insect Exterminator around where you are sitting or around your bed
KILLS ALL INSECTS
Endorsed and Recommended by Leading Physicians.
A Pine Tar Preparation, the Fumes of which are Beneficial for People to Breathe.
For Sale at All First Class Stores
MANUFACTURED AND GUARANTEED BY
SHEPARD'S CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C. Phone 359
Under the Insectecede Act of June 30, 1910, Serial Number 642.

TAR BARRELS FOR SALE
CAPE FEAR OIL COMPANY
Wilmington, N. C. Phone 873

STOCK BARGAINS
1 150-H. P. Return Tube Boiler.
1 60-H. P. Return Tube Boiler.
1 80-H. P. Return Tube Boiler.
1 25-H. P. D. D. Hoisting Engine
1 15-H. P. S. D. Hoisting Engine
1 Large American Saw Mill.
1 Large Steam Feed Saw Mill.
1 Small Rope Feed Saw Mill.
15 All size Steam Pumps.
150 All size Pulleys.
We have these goods in stock and can give prompt shipment. If you are interested in Machinery, Iron or Steel, you will do well to call on us. Now.
Wilmington Iron Works
"THE IRON MEN."

ON A SOUND BASIS IS THE BUSINESS OF THE NATION

Praise of the Administration for the Part President and Congress Took in Safeguarding the Finances and Business Interests of the Country—Prepared for the Future.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 31.—Republican politicians have not yet charged that the new tariff law brought on the armed conflict in Europe, but some of them are getting pretty close to that accusation. A few of the small fry here and there brazenly admit that the new tariff act is responsible for decreased Treasury receipts, resulting, as everybody knows, from the European war, which has brought importations to a minimum. Of course, this charge sounds foolish, but it is, nevertheless, being made.

The New York Press, an orthodox Republican paper of standing, has taken notice of this charge, which it repudiates. The Press says:

"Nothing could be more unfair than to attribute the present collapse of Treasury receipts to the tariff law, and nothing could be more foolish than to inject a tariff argument into any special measure aimed to provide more revenue in the emergency which has grown out of the war in Europe. Anybody with the very least gumption knows that, since the war struck directly and almost entirely at the revenue produced from tariff duties, the bigger the production receipts from such tariff duties had been the worse the revenues would have been hurt. Our old tariff revenues, therefore, would have been more severely cut by the war than these. The internal revenue duties, for the most part, are still left; it is only the tariff revenues that are gone. If there hadn't been anything but tariff revenues there wouldn't have been anything at all left. The big thing used to be the tariff revenues.

"If the ships to carry the traffic can be put into service obviously we shall be doing all selling and no buying; so that if the foreign markets are open to us and if we have the ships to get into them, we not only shall save our favorable balance of foreign trade, after it seemed utterly lost to us under the new tariff, but again pile it high in our favor.

"Thus it is, from every point of view, that the tariff of last month goes off the boards as an argument for any party or any faction and must stay off the boards as long as the war lasts. For, while all the nations of Europe are at one another's throats, instead of raising and manufacturing products to sell to us, along with the rest of the world, the tariff, which was designed and put into operation to let the products of those nations into the United States, doesn't mean and can't mean what it did mean only a few days ago."

Business conditions are sound throughout the nation, despite the war, a fact that is emphasized in the daily press. Here are set forth expressions from some of the leading papers on the subject:

American Business Situation in War.

No European war, however great, can impair the earning capacity of American industries. Mines, factories and railroads will continue to do business exactly as if there were no war. In many instances there would be as a result of war a quickened activity to meet the foreign demands which would inevitably come.

Financially, the United States is in an extremely healthy condition; the factor that will put it in a strong position internationally would be a heavy gain in American exports. To that end every shred of patriotism in this country should be dedicated.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

This Country's Commanding Position.

In an incredibly brief time, through most gratifying co-operation of the President and Congress with representatives of financial and business interests, the country has been placed in a state of complete defense against possible shocks from the colossal war abroad.

Everybody concedes the invulnerable strength of the United States at this time as a result of seven years of economizing and hand to mouth production—absolute freedom from overproduction in industries and from overexpansion of credits.—New York Herald.

The Government Helps.

In addition to all the other reasons for encouragement Americans must feel regarding the future, it is especially encouraging that Washington understands the dimensions of the world crisis precipitated by Europe. The President and the Secretary of the Treasury are co-operating heartily and vigorously with banking and business interests to deal with the altered circumstances under which business and banking must be done if the worst happens abroad. Congress is showing itself patriotically appreciative of the needs of the moment, and is no less responsive than the administration to the requirements of this fateful occasion.—New York Sun.

Our Position Sound.

No nation's finances were ever stronger than ours are today. And those who administer them will work in concert to see that every man, woman and child in the Union is faithfully served.

Our position financially is sound.
Our position industrially is sound.
Our position agriculturally is sound.
Our position socially is sound.
Our position politically is becoming sounder.

War in Europe cannot bankrupt America. Rather will it increase the market for our products, raise the financial status of the country to unmeasured heights among the nations of the world, impart an impetus to our aborning mercantile marine and quicken the whole energy and conscience of our people.—New York American.

We have not had to mobilize armies, but we did have to mobilize our finances and put them on a war footing, and we have a right to feel some complacency and satisfaction at what we have done. Europe was quick in rushing into war, but we have been just as quick in preparing ourselves for business contingencies. Our financial experts feel that our monetary fortifications will hold against all assaults, and that as the result of the recent legislation and of banking precautions the country is safe from either stringency or panic, and ready to meet any business demands that may arise.—Baltimore Sun.

A MAN AT THE HELM.

Fortunately, we have at the head of the government at this critical time a man in whose calmness and judgment we have as great confidence as we have in his patriotism. He will, we are sure, make no mistake, nor will he permit any to be made if he can prevent it.

The American people must do everything in their power to help the President. They should be as neutral as their government is, and as it must remain.—New York Herald.

TOM BOST BACK HOME TELLS OF TRIP ABROAD

Carolina Newspaper Man Hit Europe Wrong Time.

Tells of Thrills on Way Home and About Affairs In "Dear Old Lunnon"—Into War Gone and Back.

W. Thomas Bost is in dear old North Carolina again, and is gazing adoringly at Old Glory as it waves in Salisbury. Five weeks he has been away doing Europe—or has Europe been doing him?—and he writes that he's glad, eternally glad, to get back, saying: "After an absence of five weeks, during which time I learned to tip my plug hat again to the old orthodox idea of the last estate of the lost, I am at home. I reached New York Saturday night and Salisbury Sunday evening." And Mr. Bost tells how he was done out of some of his worldly goods, this by a "fellow who got my $39 and watch worth one-fifth that amount," says the News and Observer.

He's had experience on this trip of his and in his letter he tells of hardships, of the hunger and loss of sleep kind on his homeward journey on the Baltic from England. Says he, "The trip home wasn't one long drawn out, unexpiring ecstacy by any means. I ate stale bread, hugged to its immortal doom in the bosom of unwashed and unwashable stewards for nine days, and believe me, you get a Benjamin's mess of it."

Mr. Bost writes that he tried to get away from London earlier, that he looked over his lists of boats not appearing to be cancelled by the Government, and invested in passage. "Then as my money became tied up announcement came that it would not sail, the boat, of course. The money sailed easily. I bought three tickets and paid out about $200 * * * till finally I got passage for $45. Those who linger, who would abbreviate their visit with pleasure or prolong it under protest, will be lucky if they get home within a month."

Those are some of the things Mr. Bost writes in a personal letter, liberty being taken in making some extracts from it. But he has written something for the public also, and will doubtless write more when he arrives this week in Raleigh from Salisbury with his family. Here is what he has to say:

Tom Best Tells About Things.

Of the 3,123 who jammed the Baltic for any sort of passage back to America, nearly 2,500 were American refugees, native, indigenous products, who wondered all the way over why any man should have little enough sense to spend nearly all the money that he hadn't made in his lifetime for two or three weeks of such life as they had "enjoyed" under the alias of a "pleasure trip." They are still the prey of these puzzling speculations.

These were among the first to embark, American millionaires, doctors, lawyers, Roman Catholic priests and prelates to the number of twenty, and scores of delegates to international conventions were among those who were forced to ride what is ordinarily known as third class, but under the mollifying effect of a $10 raise in rates, became a "third class" euphony thereafter. Some sort of bunks were rigged up and though you often found your head was forming the pillow of an immigrant's foot (there were two strong ways of detecting this), it really didn't matter much.

The British government would not allow mention of the Baltic's sailing to be publicly made. We left Liverpool at 5 o'clock August 13. The British and the American flags went up together. The crowd sang and wept. At Queenstown 500 Irish came on. Their people sang "Come Back to Erin," and just about 2,000 of us expected them to come back in about three days, dragged into port by the German cruisers which had been chasing British boats since the war opened.

Sails in Darkness.

Though Londoners had spread fear among Americans that there might be German interference any hour on the seas or German dropping of bombs on London any time after the nights became dark, these didn't look to be more dangerous likelihoods than the passengers had to undergo every night. It was small comfort to swelter in the bottom berths. But above you looked upon a darkness, deep unthinkable in its thickness, and knew that your boat was racing for its life across the Atlantic with every light out, all port holes blanketed, just a little speck which could not be seen a hundred yards away. Up above were a few life boats and rafts to take care of a panic of 3,000.

The sailors did not conceal their fear of an enemy. When three days out from Ireland, a curl of smoke came up from the black rim of the horizon. "German war vessel" the story went. The ship swung to the left and drove toward Bermuda. That smoke drove us 500 miles from our path and sent us into an unsailed sea.

I had tried the anaesthetization of the big Irishman's big feet three nights, but it didn't work well. I took the deck and from Sunday night, August 16, until Saturday morning, I had not gone to bed. And when I came home yesterday I had not pulled off my clothes for seven successive nights. There is nothing pleasant in the retrospect.

Some idea of the pleasures of such a sea passage may then be gathered—sleeping in steerage at good second cabin rates, sailing without light and cogitating collision with the understanding that you were taking the Titanic's exact route, manned by a crew reduced to half ranks by the war's conscription of all the subjects of contending nations that a German menace was on our heels. The sailors were worked on half sleeping hours. Every boat had been reduced to the limit.

Then Tuesday morning of last week a stoker was picked up dead in the fire pit. He was wrapped up to be tossed into sea when the passengers made up $500 for his family and sent the body home. He was a volunteer fireman who fell dead at his work.

Convoyed by Cruisers.

The wireless had been dead by censorship but was put to work at sea. Rumors that British cruisers were convoying us would have been good for the nerves if our wireless had taken us into his intimacy. There were other rumors of five German cruisers. Sunday at sea before we had a chance to run we saw a boat directly in our path. The boat was at prayer, mass and Methodist devotions going on in camps that afterward developed a Protestant-Roman Catholic clash that came near resulting in a fight of 500 hotheads. But that was after the boat passed. Like the little fellow who asked Divine directions through the woods until he saw the light and excused Omniscience from further worrying detail—our boat had come to see its way. Our fear was wasted, the other boat was a friendly one.

Saturday morning fishing fleets and birds gave us the first sign of approaching New York. Just then the pestiferous cruiser gave the fright of our lives. It came splitting the water at 27 knots and we were plodding along at 15. She turned and poked her guns at us two miles away. Women fainted and men tried to look brave. The fighter turned back. She was the British Essex, which had policed us, it is said, and left us to other pirates of whom I need not speak. These can be found about New York at all hours of the day.

Hard Lines of Americans.

The newspapers have not carried any exaggeration of the hard luck of Americans. There were days when a multi-millionaire was as poor as the commonest street beggar. A bank holiday of one solid week found 50,000 Americans without money, clothes or possibility of advance upon their letters of credit. I ran my face, which Mr. Bryan described as "long" in giving me a passport when I left, three days at various restaurants and walked the streets with one cent in English coin. Had our Secretary of State seen the face then a new word would have gone to our vernacular.

Yet, we found friends in abundance. The American committee at the Savoy Hotel began to put up for the stranded and three days before the banks opened with new paper money to save the exodus of gold, Americans were getting $20 and $40 loans or payments without trouble. This committee found remedy for the travelers on the continent, found those who could not communicate with the world, did all this for nothing and made no money upon any man's misfortune.

Something of the desperation may be imagined when it is known that more than 30,000 Americans lost their trunks in Germany and France and came to London without a rag other than the clothes they wore. Not one has heard a word from that luggage to this day.

Thrown Away by Government.

These innocent travelers would be flying through Germany, a veritable garden of the gods, and gorgeous France, when suddenly the train stopped, their trunks were thrown upon the ground, the soldiers took possession and the trains were gone. In hundreds of depots these goods may be still, but there is no way to reach the continent by mail and Germany, especially, is so remotely inaccessible now.

Dr. Walter Page, our Ambassador, prevailed upon me to stay in London, but I sneaked away once and touched Paris and the German border cities. I fled back on the next train before Paris had a chance to touch me. If you bought a drink, a necktie or any bagatelle, and gave $20 for payment, you might have been entitled to $19.50 in return, but you got nothing. That's not quite so bad as I was done, however. I loaned my "ostrich farmer," "Mr. Mitchell," $2.50 when he couldn't realize a cent on his letter of credit. Then he and Mr. "John O'-Reilley" stole $39, my watch and fountain pen, $280 in bankers' checks when I wasn't looking. But, as Kipling says, that's another story.

Of course, I sympathized with those Americans, those rich people who wear dress clothes, drink good liquor and stop at expensive hotels. They hadn't any sort of clothes except those worn every day, every day, you understand and too many days. Many of these had to sleep this way three or four days. But when I reflect now that none of them had to sleep with that Irishman's naked feet above his head, come what may, no man is going to get more glory from the martyrdom of that trip than I do.

MAN THREATENS SUICIDE.

Norfolk Southern Cashier at Wilson Short in Accounts.

Wilson, Aug. 31.—Here is a piece of news that has been suppressed for some time in the hope that, for his wife's and baby's sake, A. T. Hocutt, former cashier of the Norfolk Southern railroad, in this city, would make good a shortage of between $400 and $500 in his accounts. He has not been employed by the company since August 3. Street rumors are to the effect that he has abandoned his wife and child and that before leaving Saturday he threatened to end it all by self-destruction. Mrs. Hocutt will return to her parents near Elizabeth City in a few days.

WESTERN UNION

service is the fastest service to the greatest number of places.

Supplemented by

Day Letters, Night Letters, Cable Letters and Moneygrams

it offers the most complete and effective facilities for telegraphic communications of every conceivable kind.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.

Full information gladly given at any office.

The only real time to camp is during the Fall and Winter. No mosquitoes, gnats nor pests of any kind. After the day's pleasure is over, a big, roaring campfire, a bed of pine straw. What is better? You can sleep as you never slept before. Rough it, and you will live longer and happier.

Tents, Gasoline Engines, Fishing Tackle, Sporting Goods, Canoes, Boat Supplies, Cable Ranges and Household Goods.

The Foard Hardware Store

29 SO. FRONT ST.

J. E. HATCH

House Decorating and Sign Painting

WALL PAPERS, INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR PAINTING, FRESCO AND PLASTER RELIEF.

Office Phone 1336-W; Residence Phone 808.
107 North Third Street.

And they asked me how I did it, and
I gave 'em the Scripture text,
"You keep your light so shining a
Little in front o' the next!"
They copied all they could follow,
But they couldn't copy my mind,
And I left 'em sweating and stealing
A year and a half behind.
—Kipling.

COMBINATION AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE

We will on Today, commencing promptly at 10 A. M., on the premises, at 104 N. Water Street, and moving from place to place, in the order below mentioned, sell to the Highest Bidder,

ABSOLUTELY REGARDLESS OF PRICE AT AUCTION

the following described pieces of property in the City of Wilmington, on Very Easy Terms:

NO. 1—No. 104 N. Water, three-story building, next door to Maffitt building. Very valuable business property, this, and near the new Custom House. A rare opportunity to get valuable business property at your own price.

NO. 2—N. W. Cor. Second and Grace. Fine renting two-story residence, with excellent future for business or apartment location.

NO. 3—110 N. Tenth (near Princess). Nice cottage in section where big increases in value are a certainty. Don't overlook this one.

NO. 4—Two lots, 33x124 each, on East side of Twelfth, between Princess and Chestnut; also in section where values will soar in near future. 200 feet from Winoca Terrace, and near new County High School.

No. 5—3 houses on Castle street, 509, 511, 513, between Fifth and Sixth. This property is an excellent renter on best paved street in the City, on Car Line. GOOD INVESTMENT and in Neighborhood where values are increasing.

NO. 6—Hanover Street, 301, 303 and 305. Splendid renting property, being only a few steps from the A. C. L. Shops; having both water and sewerage, and facing brick street; 12, 10 and 8 rooms. A Bargain here for somebody.

ALL OF THIS PROPERTY MUST BE SOLD TO SETTLE AN ESTATE. This sale is not subject to a 10 per cent. raise or rejection of bid.

FREE CARRIAGES will be furnished for those attending the sale, and will leave Front and Princess streets promptly at 10:00 A. M., and but a few minutes will be consumed at each place, moving from place to place in the order mentioned.

At 3 o'clock P. M. at Seventeenth and Dock, 5 Valuable Residence Lots will be sold to the high bidder, on very easy terms. This property will be positively sold to settle a partnership. These lots front on car line, and are bound to increase in value.

Carriages leave Front and Princess promptly at 2:45 P. M. Terms, easy.

THE UNITED REALTY COMPANY

"Auction Real Estate Sales a Specialty"

Two best iron safes in the City of Wilmington, at present used by Navassa Guano Company. Will sell low to save expense of moving to our store.

Also twenty-five other iron safes of various sizes and makes for sale

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS

Wholesale Grocers

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Grovers Soft Shoes For Tender Feet

Lace AND Congress FOR Comfort

Buttons FOR Dress AND Street WEAR

—AT—

PETERSON AND RULFS

HOME OF GOOD SHOES

For MILCH COWS:

Wheat Bran; Wheat Middlings; Corn Chops; Cotton Seed Meal; Cotton Seed Hulls.

A prepared feed for Cows, all this needs is energy enough to put it in reach of the Cow, she will do the rest.

For HORSES and MULES:

Whole Corn; Cracked Corn; Several grades of Oats; No. 1 Timothy Hay; Dan Patch Molasses Feed, none better. International Feed, a little cheaper, But—Jewel Feed.

All at prices that will satisfy the Purchaser.

A few bags of Rye.

Jos. H. Watters

WILMINGTON, N. C.

MADE BY Southern Mfg. Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

BLUE-PRINTS

Men's, Ladies' and Children's

WHITE TENNIS SHOES

CARL F. STRUNCK & CO.

'PHONE 800-J. 128-130 SO. FRONT ST.

JOE THE WAITER

Bertha Leaves the Oriental Cafe and Restaurant—The Kibetzers Are Sad and Joe Is Nursing a Secret Wound in His Heart.

By ISRAEL J. ZEVIN ("Tashrak.")

(Copyright, 1914, by the New York Herald Co. All rights reserved.)

BERTHA has left us. She's gone for good and will never come back to this place. And it all happened so suddenly that I cannot yet get used to the idea that the Oriental Café and Restaurant is without its cashier.

All our customers are missing her. For Bertha, you must know, wasn't just an ordinary cashier, but she was like a sister to everybody. Sometimes, when it was not very busy, she would leave her post behind the cash register, sit down at a customer's table and they would talk like friends. But only like friends and that's all. And if any one would attempt to be foolish or to jolly her Bertha would all of a sudden become stiff and silent. She would get up without saying a word and return to her post. That's the kind of a girl Bertha was, and everybody liked her just as you would like your big sister.

Bertha had been with us about six years. She came here while the place was managed by Herring Brothers. There were three of them. One brother

was a republican, another a democrat and the third a socialist, and yet the place did not make much of a success. But Bertha brought us great mazel. Whoever heard her invitation to "call again" while she was ringing off the amount of his check felt that she cast a spell over him. She had such a way of looking straight in people's eyes and making them feel that she considered them as friends, not as mere customers.

I remember the first day that Bertha took her place behind the counter. She was then a girl of about seventeen. At that time it was quite an innovation on the east side to have a girl cashier in a restaurant. Every one that came in and saw her as she was sitting and smiling with her big blue eyes felt a little uneasy, and then, when he thought that nobody was watching him, he would give a look at himself in the mirror to see if his tie was in order. The next day—what do you think it happened? I did not know my customers! Goldstein, the associate editor of the Yiddish Daily Voice, came in his Sabbath clothes. Dalfen, the poet, had a clean collar on and he had his hair trimmed. Katzenellenbogen, the critic, abandoned his old bicycle cap, that looked like a dishmop already, and he bought a straw with a sporty band. Weiss, the undertaker, began to look more after his big curled mustache and he had it twisted higher up. And it seems to me that even the old pedlers that came here with shoe laces, collar buttons and pencils straightened up and tried to look younger when they came in to offer their goods to our customers. But now—how suddenly it all changed! Again I do not know my customers. Goldstein is wearing his old alpaca coat. Dalfen's collar is yellow and wilted. Katzenellenbogen's straw is full of dust, and all the kibetzers that come here look shabby and negligent.

Sometimes it seems to me that even the walls of the place don't look as bright as they were. Yesterday an organ grinder stopped in front of the place and he played such a sad tune that it sounded like a funeral march, but it suited my mood so much that I paid the organ grinder a nickel to play it over again. Then Weiss, the undertaker, came up running full speed. He thought some one had put him out of a job.

Your tea is cold. Let me give you another glass of tea. And now I am going to tell you how we have lost our Bertha.

One day last week—it was Wednesday—a stranger came here and sat down at one of my tables that stands right opposite the counter. He was a middle aged man and he had the appearance of a prosperous business man. He ordered a big dinner, A la carte, and he ate like a man who had plenty of both time and money. Now, you must know that whenever a new face shows up in this place it always causes some comment. So the kibetzers tried hard to guess who that stranger was. Then one made a remark that he must be the mysterious capitalist who is backing the new Yiddish paper. Of this new paper there were rumors floating for the last two months. Then a second one remarked: "What a question! That's him, sure." Then a third one said that he knows something, but he is bound under a promise not to tell. "I know," broke in a fourth one, "I know all about it. Bentche Litwak has been already engaged as editor-in-chief of that new paper."

But the stranger seemed not to know of the whole to-ra-ram that he caused. He ate slowly, throwing side glances at Bertha. He lingered quite a while. Then as I gave him his check he handed me a quarter and he went over to Bertha, putting his check and a bill on the counter.

It was a hundred dollar bill; his check was only 65 cents. He was to receive $99.35 in change.

"I am sorry," Bertha said to him, "but I have not so much money in the register. Suppose you keep your hundred dollar bill and pay me when you come here next time? I'll trust you."

The man came back the same evening. He put on Bertha's counter 65 cents in change, and a beautiful bouquet of roses besides. That was the beginning of their acquaintance.

Meanwhile the east side was very busy discussing the rumors in regard to the new paper. You don't know what a new paper means to the east side in general and to the kibetzers in particular. A new paper means jobs for jobless writers and a rise in wages for those who are employed on the old papers. The more publishers the merrier for the writers.

As for the public, I can tell you that the Yiddish readers are more interested in a new editor than in a new president. And the speculation as to the policy of a new paper absorbs their minds more than the affairs in Albany or in Washington.

Now, as soon as the rumor was spread that Bentche Litwak is going to be editor-in-chief of the new Yiddish paper, The Era, he was besieged by all sorts of writers who wanted jobs. It was of no use for Litwak to deny the rumors. The more he denied the more the kibetzers were assured of it. At last Litwak himself began to believe in the story, and he began to organize a staff, and accept poems, stories, novels, and—congratulations from everybody in the place.

That prosperous looking stranger called a third and a fourth time. He ate his meals and he had a few little chats with Bertha, but he did not speak to any one of the bunch. So, it was assumed, that he is investigating the locality "incognito," as they say it of the swell people, and that he is holding secret meetings with his editor-in-chief, every day, as to the new paper's policy, &c.

And then came the unexpected end.

One morning Bertha failed to come to work. We were wondering what happened to her, for she was always regular in her hours and she never missed a day. May be she took sick, we thought. Then her father came, an elderly man, and he informed us that

DALFEN THE POET, HAD A CLEAN COLLAR.

Bertha is engaged to be married to a wealthy widower, who saw her in the restaurant, fell in love with her, called at her home, made an offer of marriage—backing up the offer by a $500 pair of earrings and a $1,000 string of pearls—and was accepted.

It was all like a bad dream to me, and for a whole day I was thinking may be I'll wake up and will find that it was a dream. Ach, it was so hard to believe that Bertha would be influenced by earrings and pearls. But, after all we all have our weak spots, and as the holy books say:—"Don't judge your fellow-man until you have been in his place." And may be she does love him, after all, for he looks to be a very fine gentleman, I must admit that. Bertha always used to joke with me that she will marry a man old enough to be her father.

The kibetzers are heartbroken. They lost their hope for a new paper and they lost Bertha. I assure you that they feel the loss of one as much as the other. Yes, we all miss her. It was all so sudden, so strange! No, I am not crying. Something fell in my eye—a speck of dust, I think. Excuse me, I must run over to the kitchen.

Cause and Effect.

"So you think he is a poor judge of a story."

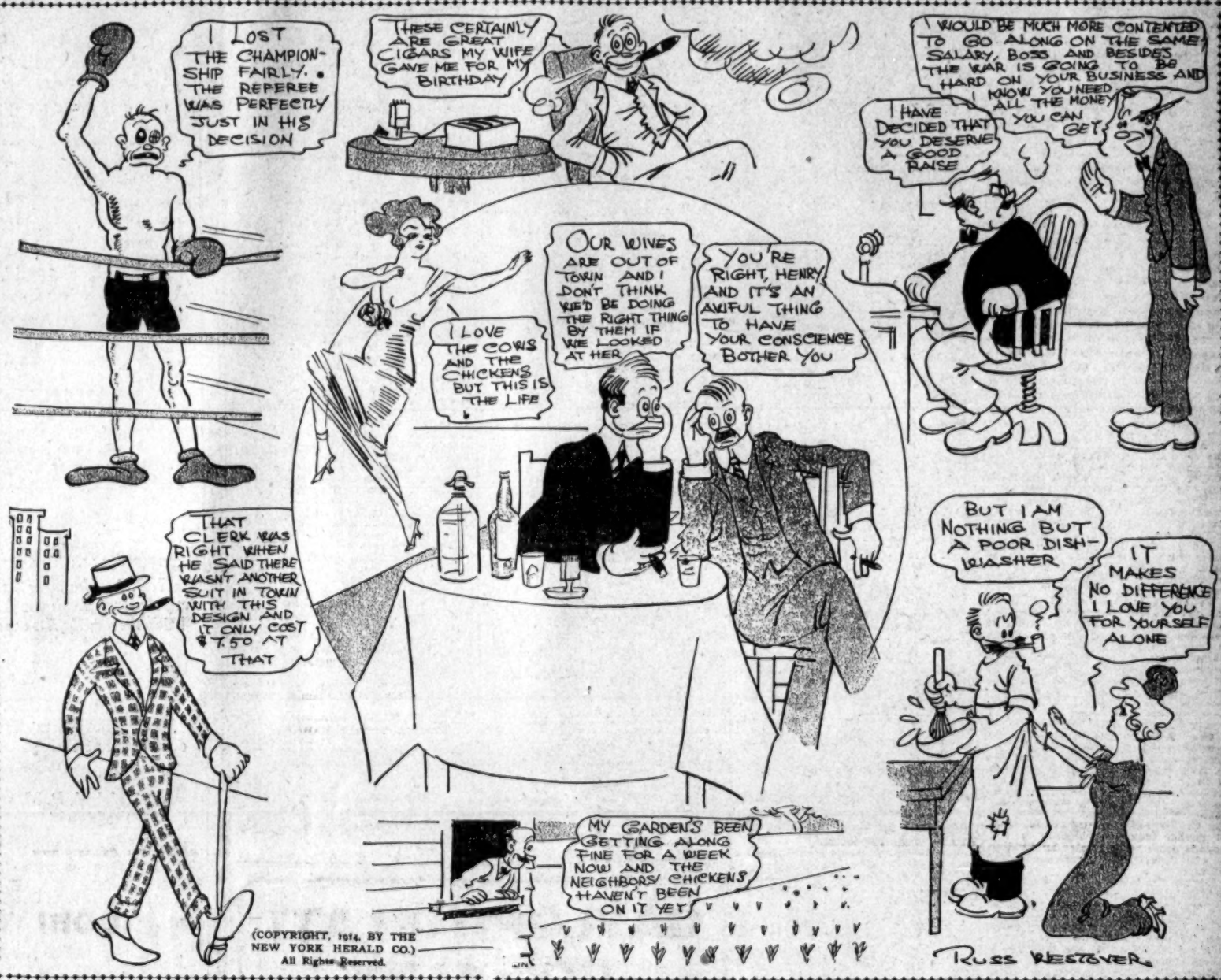
"Couldn't be otherwise; he's the editor of the fiction department of a big magazine."

Just So.

"I see," said the cable editor, "that the tocsin of war has been sounded."

"Yes," replied the news editor, with a martial air, "and there seems to be no anti-tocsin."

FAT CHANCE!—By Russ Westover


I LOST THE CHAMPIONSHIP FAIRLY. THE REPEREE WAS PERFECTLY JUST IN HIS DECISION
THESE CERTAINLY ARE GREAT CIGARS MY WIFE GAVE ME FOR MY BIRTHDAY
I WOULD BE MUCH MORE CONTENTED TO GO ALONG ON THE SAME SALARY, BOSS AND BESIDES THE WAR IS GOING TO BE HARD ON YOUR BUSINESS AND I KNOW YOU NEED ALL THE MONEY YOU CAN GET
I HAVE DECIDED THAT YOU DESERVE A GOOD RAISE
I LOVE THE COWS AND THE CHICKENS BUT THIS IS THE LIFE
OUR WIVES ARE OUT OF TOWN AND I DON'T THINK WE'D BE DOING THE RIGHT THING BY THEM IF WE LOOKED AT HER
YOU'RE RIGHT, HENRY AND IT'S AN AWFUL THING TO HAVE YOUR CONSCIENCE BOTHER YOU
THAT CLERK WAS RIGHT WHEN HE SAID THERE WASN'T ANOTHER SUIT IN TOWN WITH THIS DESIGN AND IT ONLY COST $7.50 AT THAT
BUT I AM NOTHING BUT A POOR DISH-WASHER
IT MAKES NO DIFFERENCE I LOVE YOU FOR YOURSELF ALONE
MY GARDEN'S BEEN GETTING ALONG FINE FOR A WEEK NOW AND THE NEIGHBORS' CHICKENS HAVEN'T BEEN ON IT YET
RUSS WESTOVER

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"So your marriage was a failure."

"Yes, my husband insisted on spending all his leisure time with me."

Do It Again—By Harry Coultaus

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

BUMPER COTTON CROP IS THE PREDICTION

Government Forecast Says Over 15,000,000 Bales

Next to the Largest Crop in the History of the United States is Promise Made by Report on Condition of Crop.

Washington, Aug. 31.—A bumper crop of cotton which may equal or exceed the record of 1911 when final returns are made, is indicated by the Department of Agriculture's report today, showing the condition of the crop on August 25th, to be 78 per cent of a normal.

A total production of 15,080,000 bales of 500 pounds gross weight is interpreted by the department experts from the condition figures. This is 1,365,000 bales more than forecast from the July condition figures, the result of excellent growing conditions throughout the cotton belt during August.

"The condition of the cotton crop on August 25th, which was 78 per cent of a normal," says an official statement, "is interpreted as indicating a yield per acre of about 197 pounds, which compares with 182 pounds per acre produced a year ago, and 187.2 pounds the ten year average.

"A yield per acre of 197 pounds on the estimated planted area of 36,960,000 acres would produce about 7,290,000,000 pounds, or about 15,240,000 bales of 500 pounds gross weight.

"There is usually some abandonment, the average about 1 per cent. Allowing for 1 per cent abandonment there would remain as indicated production of about 15,090,000 bales, which compares with a production of 14,156,000 bales last year; 13,703,000 in 1912, a production of 15,693,000 in the record year of 1911, and 11,609,000 in 1910."

Following the last condition report in July the crop reporting board announced that the condition of July 25 forecast a yield of 179 pounds of cotton per acre, which on the acreage reported July 1st, viz: 36,990,000, would produce 6,616,000,000 pounds of lint, or about 13,850,000 bales of 500 pounds gross weight. It added that if an allowance of 1 per cent be made for abandonment of acreage, the forecast would be about 13,725,000 bales.

The official figures of the crop reporting board announce the equivalent in yield of 100 per cent condition on August 25 as 189.7 pounds per acre. With an acreage of 36,590,400, making an allowance of 1 per cent for abandonment, the forecast of yield as indicated from the August 25 condition can be obtained in pounds. This total of pounds may be reduced to 500 pounds gross weight bales by dividing by 478.1 pounds the average net weight of such bales.

During the early part of the month good rains occurred in portions of the eastern belt, especially in Alabama and Georgia, and the crop was reported as having made satisfactory progress in those states as well as in portions of the Carolinas and Mississippi, where showers fell. West of the Mississippi it was hot and dry, especially in Texas and Oklahoma, where practically no beneficial rains occurred and the crop was reported as suffering severely, although the early planted was reported as standing the drought well in many sections. Bolls were opening prematurely and shedding was reported from some localities.

Toward the middle of the month the eastern and central cotton states were favored with good weather and cotton made rapid growth. Picking then was under way in the southern portions but delayed somewhat in Georgia by frequent rains. In Texas the severe drought was very generally relieved, especially in the eastern and central portions, although the late planted was small and shedding was reported.

Frequent rains promoted plant growth in the cotton region during the latter part of the month, and favorable progress was reported from nearly all sections of the belt. Picking was becoming quite general in the southern portions, but was being hindered somewhat by too rfequent rains, and some damage was reported from too much moisture and from shedding, while insect pests were reported from a number of localities.

Comparisons of conditons by States follows:

State:	Aug. 25, 1914.	July 25, 1914.	Aug. 25, 1913.	10 yr. av.
Va	88	89	80	81
N. Caro	82	86	78	77
S. Caro	77	79	71	76
Ga	81	82	78	76
Fla	83	86	81	78
Ala	77	81	72	75	74
Miss	75	79	69	70	73
La	66	76	67	74	68
Tex	70	71	64	76	70
Ark	75	72	72	77	76
Tenn	76	73	80	76	82
Mo	72	75	72	78	83
Okla	80	75	45	84	73
Cal	98	100	96	95	..
U. S.	78	76.4	68.2	74.8	73.4

The fifth condition report of the season, giving the condition of the crop on September 25, will be issued at noon, Eastern time, Friday, October 2.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, August 31.—Cotton seed oil was higher on buying of new crop months, presumably for account of Western refiners and scattered local demand, inspired by the strength in lard and light crude offerings. Tenders on contracts were about 3,000 barrels. Final prices were 1 to 8 points net higher. The market closed steady. Spot, 6.80@6.95; September, 6.80@6.82; October, 6.80@6.82; November, 6.59@6.62; December, 6.62@6.65; January, 6.66@6.67; February, 6.67@6.73; March, 6.70@6.74; April, 6.71@6.80. Total sales, 12,500.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, August 31.—Spot cotton, good business done, mainly in the better qualities. Sales, 4,700 bales, including 4,400 American, on the basis of 6.26d. for middling. Imports, 164 bales, all American.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, August 31.—Dry goods markets were quiet today. Uncertain prices on gray goods made buyers timid. Colored goods were strong, because of the scarcity of dye stuffs.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE BUSY

Representatives of Liverpool, New Orleans and New York Markets Work on Plan.

New York, Aug. 31.—The special committee of the Liverpool, New Orleans and New York cotton exchanges, which met here today in an effort to straighten out the international commitments entered into before the beginning of the war, adjourned this afternoon. No announcement was made as to the results of the first day's negotiations, but the committees will continue their work tomorrow. The government's crop report seemed to attract less immediate interest than the meeting of the committees, but confirmed the talk of a material improvement in the crop outlook since the markets were closed at the end of last month.

The official condition of 78 per cent indicated the highest August 25th condition for the last ten years, with the exception of 1904.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.
List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.
Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 2,389 tons, Hollasch, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger) 2,872 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 31.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—Quiet; 2.00 per barrel; per gallon, 9½c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — Nominal, 3.00 per barrel for soft; 3.00 per barrel for virgin; 2.00 per barrel for hard.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 37; rosin, firm, 3.60; tar, firm, 2.20-10c.; crude, firm, 3.00, 3.00, 2.00.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine	12
Rosin	50
Tar	56
Crude Turpentine	1

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 23 casks; rosin, 34 barrels; tar, 8 barrels; crude turpentine, 13 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market — Spot, middling, nominal; last year, nominal.

Receipts—(—) bales; same day last year, (—) bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, 398,877 bales.

Total receipts same day last year, (—) bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, August 31.

Atlantic Coast Line—26 barrels tar; 1 barrel crude turpentine.

Geo. Slover—12 casks spirits turpentine; 50 barrels rosin; 30 barrels tar.

Total—12 casks spirits turpentine; 50 barrels rosin; 56 barrels tar; 1 barrel crude turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Aug. 29.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, $1.00 per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, $1.25 per bu.

PEAS—Out of season.

BEEF—Native dressed, 8@9c.; very dull.

PORK—Small, 10@12 cents; large, no sale.

SHEEP—No sale. Lambs, $1.50 to $2.50 per head.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 12c.; dry flints, 17@19c. lb.; dull.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 20c., dull; sides and shoulders, 15c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28@28c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 45@50c.; spring, 12½@30c. per head. Very dull.

EGGS—20c.@21c. per doz.; good demand.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., July 27.

Spanish—Market Steady—Farmers' Spanish $1.10 per bushel.

Virginias—Firm—Jumbo 4c per lb. Fancy Hand Picked 3¾ to 4c per lb. Extra Prime 3½c to 3¾c per lb. Prime 3½c per lb. Machine Picked 3½c to 3¾c per lb.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 29.—North Carolina Peanuts: Market weaker; receipts, light; fancy hand-picked, 85c.; No. 1, machine picked, 80c.

Virginias — Steady. Fancy hand picked, $1.00; No. 1, machine picked, 95c. per bushel.

Spanish—Weaker, $1.00 per bushel.

FOODSTUFFS AND FEED.

(Quotations of Monday, by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

Patent Flour—$5.50 to $6.25 per barrel.

Corn — Domestic, $1.15; Imported, $1.00 to $1.05.

Meal—96 lbs., $2.15.

Oats—Mixed, 58c.; white, 60c. per bushel.

Middlings—$34.00 to $35.00.

Hay—No. 1, Timothy, $25.00; No. 1, Mixed, $24.00.

D. S. Sides—14½ to 14¾; Plates, 18c. to 18½c.

Lard—9c. to 9½c.

Coffee—11½c. to 16c.

Rice—3¾c. to 6½c.

Sugar—Fluctuating. (Present cost in New York, 7½c.)

Molasses—As it stands, 40c per gallon.

CONSUMPTION OF COTTON IN THE SOUTH INCREASES.

New Orleans, Aug. 31.—For the first time in history, the South has consumed more than three million bales of cotton in one year, according to fiugures made public today by H. G. Hester, secretary of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange. The total for the 12 months ending today amounted to 3,027,308 bales. It was pointed out in Secretary Hester's report, that the consumption of the South rapidly was approaching that of England.

The commercial crop was the second largest on record, amounting to 14,588,501 bales.

The largest crop was two years ago, totaling 16,138,426 bales.

RAPID ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Signs That European Need for Supplies From This Side Growing Acute Influences the Market.

Chicago, August 31.—Wheat jumped rapidly higher today, influenced by signs that European need for supplies from this side of the Atlantic was becoming more acute. After a bulge that in some cases amounted to five cents a bushel, the market closed firm at a gain of 3⅞ to 4⅛c. net.

Corn finished ⅝c. off to ¼c. up, oats with an advance of ⅝@⅞c. to ⅝@⅞c. and provisions varying from 5c. decline to a rise of 25c.

Grain and provisions closed:

Wheat—September, 1.11⅛; December, 1.15¾; May, 1.22⅛.

Corn—December, 72*; May, 74⅛.

Oats—December, 52⅛; May, 54⅞.

Pork—September, 20.55; January, 23.82.

Lard—September, 10.22; January, 11.00.

Ribs — September, 12.52; January, 11.67.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.12@1.14¾; No. 2, hard, 1.12@1.13¾.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 80½@81.

Oats—Standard, 49¾@50.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Receipts, 450; stock, 49,531.

Galveston—Receipts, 8,585; stock, 47,855.

Mobile—Receipts, 223; stock, 1,917.

Savannah—Receipts, 1,073; stock, 11,707.

Charleston—Receipts, 108; stock, 1,268.

Wilmington—Stock, 7,763.

Norfolk—Receipts, 149; stock, 14,067.

Baltimore—Receipts, 148; stock, 2,148.

Boston—Receipts, 11; stock, 3,244.

Philadelphia—Exports, 130; stock, 1,275.

New York—Exports, 5; stock, 89,546.

Minor ports—Stock, 2,734.

Total today—Receipts, 10,746; exports, 135; stock, 233,055.

Total for week—Receipts, 15,947; exports, 135.

Total for season—Receipts, 10,481,870; exports, 8,881,406.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Receipts, 6,997; shipments, 6,614; stock, 31,579.

Memphis—Receipts, 145; shipments, 43; stock, 14,850.

Augusta—Receipts, 627; shipments, 174; stock, 9,497.

St. Louis—Receipts, 100; shipments, 157; stock, 14,121.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 6; shipments, 8; stock, 12,203.

Little Rock—Stock, 5,467.

Total today—Receipts, 7,875; shipments, 6,996; stock, 87,717.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, August 31.—Raw sugar, firm. Molasses sugar, 5.37; centrifugal, 6.02; refined, firm.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Irregular.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

September 1, 1914.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 76 degrees; at 8 P. M., 79 degrees; maximum, 85 degrees; minimum, 71 degrees; mean, 78 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, to date, 7.67 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., Tuesday, 4.8 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Fair Tuesday; showers Wednesday.

The Port Calendar, Sept. 1, 1914.

Sun rises	5:46 A. M.
Sun sets	6:38 P. M.
Day's length	12 hrs. 52 min.

The Tides.

	High Water. AM.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Wilmington	7:05	7:43	2:07	2:21
Southport	5:27	5:47	11:25	11:53
Masonboro Inl	5:16	5:36	11:05	11:33

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.
August 31, 1914.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	88	74	.0
Asheville	pt cldy	80	60	.0
Atlanta	cldy	88	70	.0
Augusta	pt cldy	90	68	.0
Birmingh.	pt cldy	88	68	.24
Boston	clear	80	62	.0
Charleston	cldy	88	74	.0
Charlotte	pt cldy	84	64	.0
Chicago	clear	82	70	.6
Galveston	clear	88	82	.0
Jacksonv	clear	94	76	.0
Memphis	clear	90	74	.0
Mobile	cldy	92	76	.0
Montgom'y	clear	92	70	.02
New Orl.	clear	90	76	1.40
New York	clear	82	66	.0
Oklahoma	clear	90	74	.0
Palestine	clear	90	76	.0
Pittsburg	clear	82	64	.0
Raleigh	clear	88	66	.0
Savannah	pt cldy	92	76	.0
Shreveport	clear	92	76	.0
St. Louis	clear	90	68	.64
Washing'n	clear	86	62	.0

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, August 31.—Hogs—Strong. Bulk of sales, 8.95@9.35; light, 9.00@9.55; mixed, 8.80@9.50; heavy, 8.65@9.45; rough, 8.65@8.80; pigs, 5.50@8.50.

Cattle—Steady. Beeves, 6.70@10.90; steers, 6.35@9.35; stockers, 5.50@8.15; cows and heifers, 3.90@9.40; calves, 7.50@11.25.

Sheep—Steady. Sheep, 4.70@5.50; yearlings, 5.40@6.35; lambs, 5.75@7.75.

NAVAL STORES MARKET.

Savannah, August 31.—Turpentine nominal, 45½; no sales; receipts, 277; shipments, 1,657; stocks, 29,064. Rosin: W G 6.25; W W, 6.35.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, August 31.—Mercantile paper, 7. Sterling exchange, nominal; for cables, 50.675@50.725; for demand, 50.600@50.650.

GAYLORD-PLATT COMPANY

Are now having their usual August Sale, which will last nine days longer, beginning today with a big rush.

We have the store piled full of goods and thousands of things on display, everything being marked in plain figures.

This assortment of merchandise on sale represents some of everything that is kept in the store.

In the Millinery Department, all hats have been greatly reduced in price, now selling for less than half price.

Underwear Department—We are selling 10c undervests for 5c apiece, mid-season vests and pants for ladies at 19c each. Made especially for the fall season.

In our Coat Suit Department we are selling all spring Coat Suits for just exactly half they are worth and summer dresses for less than half price. Shrit Waists and Corsets and Children Dresses have also been marked down. We are closing out our stock of LaGreque Corsets at about one-third the price.

In our Ready-to-wear Department for men and boys we are selling Boys' Khaki Pants as low as 21c a pair. The best quality Men's $1.00 Shirts at 83c each. Men's fine Working Shirts, 50c quality, reduced to 39c each.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE THE SHOE MAN. He has five hundred pairs of Ladies' and Men's Sample Shoes to sell, made by the famous Selz Shoe Co. They are the finest and prettiest shoes in the City of Wilmington, and we are selling them at about 2-3 of the original price. The $4.00 line we are selling for $2.75 and other grades in proportion down to $1.50 a pair.

Five hundred pairs of odds and ends in shoes that we are selling at about half price.

This sale is for you and the goods are good, clean, new mrechandise and we want to sell them and offer special price all through the store. This sale lasts nine days longer and we want you to come in to see us and help yourself by saving on your purchases while you are helping us. Remember the place, 210-212 North Front Street.

GAYLORD-PLATT COMPANY'S

BIG DEPARTMENT STORE.

210-212-214 North Front Street

DAVID'S
FINAL REDUCTION

Don't consider these low prices; think most of the immense values that HART SCHAFFNER AND MARX

clothes offer, regardless of price. Let the added value in the way of price reductions simply double your conviction that now's the time to buy. There's no getting away from values like these.

$27.50 Suit now	$22.50
$25.00 Suit now	21.00
$23.50 Suit now	19.50
$22.50 Suit now	18.00
$21.00 Suit now	16.50
$20.00 Suit now	15.50
$18.00 Suit now	13.50

25% off on Boys' Knickerbocker Suits.

The Largest and Best Assortment of Wardrobe Trunks in the City.

Come in and look them over; prices $20.00 up.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY

Merchant Tailors, Clothiers and Furnishers

FRUIT JARS

THEY ARE RIGHT HERE IN STOCK. ORDERS FILLED DAY RECEIVED.

MASON: 1 pt. 1 qt. 2 qt. SURE SEAL: 1 pt. 1 qt. 2 qt.

JAR TOPS: For each kind of Jars. JELLY GLASSES: ½ pt. size.
JAR RUBBERS — All grades for Ball and Sure Seal Jars.
PRESERVING KETTLES — Iron, Agate or Aluminum.
APPLE PARERS—A complete line. APPLE CORERS—
DON'T DELAY——ORDER TODAY.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

10 and 12 So. Front St.

REDUCTION SALE
25 PER CENT OFF

On Men's, Boys' and Childrens' Clothing. Straw and Panama Hats at Half Price.

FLEET-DAVIS CO.

'Phone 673. Next to the Bijou

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA
CHARLESTON, S. C.
Schools of Medicine and Pharmacy.
Owned and Controlled by the State.
86TH SESSION OPENS OCT. 1, 1914, CLOSES JUNE 3, 1915.
Fine New Building ready for occupancy October 1st, 1914. Advantageously located, opposite Roper Hospital, one of the largest Hospitals in the South Hospital containing 218 beds.
Practical work for Senior Students in Medicine and Pharmacy a Special Feature.
Large and well-equipped Laboratories in both Schools.
Department of Physiology and Embryology in affiliation with the Charleston Museum.
Nine full time teachers in Laboratory Branches.
Six graduated appointments each year in medicine.
For catalog address
OSCAR W. SCHLEETER, Registrar, Charleston, S. C.

PERFECT BEAUTY

is impossible where there is imperfect teeth. In fact we might go farther and say that no beauty at all is possible under such circumstances.

OUR DENTAL WORK

will do more for your appearance than any toilet preparation.
Better have us examine your teeth and make them presentable.
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.
Painless Extraction of Teeth.

DR. CULBRETH'S Dental Parlors

'PHONE 606. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

The GREATEST Stunt Ever Pulled Off in WILMINGTON

On the 24th day of December we will absolutely GIVE away FREE a handsome PLAYER PIANO.

In the meantime, we will give away FIVE GOLD WATCHES and quite a lot of Silverware; Spoons, Forks, Knives, etc.

Remember, all these things will be GIVEN away.

Come to us and we will tell you all about it.

Ammen's Prickly Heat Powder. The best remedy for the purpose on the market.

Come and take a look at the latest thing in Toilet Waters and Perfumes. The perfect flower preserved in each bottle. The Most Beautiful Thing you have ever seen.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

The Specializers in Drug Store Goods.

SEED RYE

200 bags Seed Rye.
200 bags Burt Oats.
500 bags Rice.
500 bbls Fancy Patent Flour.
500 bbls. Standard Patent Flour.
500 bbls. Self-Rising Flour.
200 bags Coffee.
300 bags Arab Horse Feed.
Send orders and prices will be Right

D. L. Gore Co.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

MULLETS

200 Kegs SEPTEMBER MULLETS

100 lbs. to keg.

Prompt shipment and low price.

LOVE & WOODY

Wholesale Grocers.

112 North Water Street.

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FULL ENROLLMENT AT OPENING OF THE A.& M.

All Available Room in Brick Dormitories Taken.

Percentage of Enrollment Not Nearly So Large Last Year—New Members on the Teaching Force—Buildings Improved.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

West Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 31.—Indications are there will be a full enrollment at the opening of the Agricultural and Mechanical College next Thursday . At the corresponding time last year, the percentage of enrollment was not nearly so large as this year, an dthen there will be a number to apply for entrance who have had no communication with the registrar.

All of the available room in the brick dormitories has been taken up, and those registering hereafter will have to take rooms in the "shacks," temporary quarters, until the Legislature makes an adidtional appropriation for the construction of another brick dormitory. The officials are optimistic as to the outlook, little fearing that the effects of the European war will touch the A. & M.

New Faculty Additions.

Every Southern institution, as such institutions cannot pay as large salaries as the richer colleges and universities, loses some of its teaching staff each year. The loss is especially heavy among the younger members of the faculty who get offers from industrial corporations as well as from other institutions. The A. & M. College will therefore have some new men on its teaching force next term. All the full professors will remain with the college. Several new men have been engaged and as will be seen from the list these men have been selected from among the best men of many of the foremost colleges and universities of the country. They are:

In the department of chemistry: qualitative analysis, Dr .C. F. Miller, of Cornell University; inorganic chemistry, Dr. E. L. Frederick, fellow at Johns Hopkins University last year; organic chemistry, Dr. J. F. Dobbins, fellow at the University of North Carolina ,last year; assistant in laboratories, H. L. Cox, A. R., University of North Carolina.

Department of mechanical engineering: G. R. Richardson, Lehigh university. Mr. E .B. Nichols, B. E. of the A. & M., will be instructor in force and foundry. Mr. D. W. Martin, graduate of Cornell and the University of Chicago, will take charge of the physical laboratories. Mr. F .F. Jeter, holding the A. M. degree from Randolph-Macon Womans' College, will teach freshman mathematics. Mr. J. B. Scarboro, A. M. from the University ,will join the faculty.

In the department of soils Mr. H. L. Joslyn, a graduate of the A. & M. and last year a teacher in the Craven farm life school, will assist Prof. Sherwin. Mr. K. T. Weber, of Harvard, will succeed Mr. Farrell in the English department. Dr. W. C. Smith will succeed Dr. Handley as assistant in veterinary medicine.

Improved Buildings.

Facilities for teaching mechanical and textile departments are greatly improved this year. The new machine shop, costing $50,000, has been completed and will be open to classes. There has been about $2,500 worth of new machinery added and the new and more commodious quarters will aid the efficiency of instruction.

The textile building, which was partially destroyed by fire last spring, has been added to and a lot of new machinery installed. Some of the latest types of machinery will take place of the damaged machinery. All new departments will be in full sway on opening day.

North Carolina for Herself.

Governor Craig is counting on a good representation of the capable and thoughtful business men of the State for the special conference he has called for Tuesday to consider the cotton situation. He believes that North Carolina will have to act largely for herself and not wait for any definite cooperation on the part of the other cotton States. He wants this State to get in line with some efficient warehouse plan such as Stewart Cramer ,of Charlotte, and D. Y. Cooper, of Henderson, have suggested for saving the cotton situation in this State and profiting as far as possible from whatever aid the Federal Government extends.

A charter has been issued for the American Collection and Rating Bureau, of Raleigh, with authoried capital of $100,000, the incorporators being Edward Adams, Edward Adams, Jr., and C. K. Burgess.

Wake's First Bale.

J. L. Britt, of Panther Branch township, has sold the first new bale of cotton for Wake county. Parker Bros. Co., of Raleigh, were the purchasers at 8 3-4 cents. The sale was made Saturday. It is not expected that there will be any sales of consequence now until there is some definite status for cotton established and the question of co-operation for holding the staple to avert sacrifice sales is settled so far as this State is concerned.

Jefferson Depot Fight.

The Corporation Commission is arranging to give a hearing later to citizens of Jefferson, Ashe county, and the officers of the Virginia-Carolina Railroad Co., in a dispute that has arisen there as to the location of the depot that is to serve the town. Under the engineering conditions the road is one mile from Jefferson at its point of nearest approach and the citizens are insisting that the depot be placed there. On the other hand, the railroad company is insisting on putting the station at another point which is two and a half miles from the town. Advocates of the site nearest the town insist that the move for the more remote site is really a land development scheme.

Messrs. J. D. Thomas, J. W. Colvard, G. L. Park, Cyrus H. Smithdeal, Capt. Walter Williamson and W. E. Gentry composed a delegation of citizens interested in the situation who have just held a preliminary conference. The commission will announce a date for the hearing as soon as agreed upon. It is probable that members of the commission will go to Jefferson to hear the case.

I don't know much. But I have been around enough to know that there ain't no such animal as a good loser.

The result is about the same, but some men didn't know it was loaded and other men marry for money.

WILL OPEN SEPTEMBER 15

Kennedy Memorial Home About Ready for Reception of Orphans—Exercises Planned.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Aug. 31.—The trustees' committee in charge have determined upon Tuesday, September 15th, as the date for officially opening the new Kennedy Memorial Home at Falling Creek. The Kennedy home is the eastern branch of the Baptist orphanage at Thomasville. Exercises will be held at 11 A. M. on the 15th, with a number of prominent speakers on the programme. Rev. B. W. Spilman, field secretary for Sunday school work of the Southern Baptist Convention, will lead the exercises.

Arrangements will be made to entertain a large number of visitors from throughout the State, and the people of Lenoir county have been invited to be the hosts and supply a picnic dinner on the grounds of the new orphanage. The interest of local people in the institution is proved by the fact that one of the two handsome dormitories was erected by subscriptions in the county. The other was the gift of an individual.

About a score of teachers and children from the Thomasville orphanage are now at the Kennedy home, preparing the buildings and grounds for the opening. H. V. Scarborough will be the superintendent, under the supervision of the head of the Thomasville institution. A number of children will be brought here in a few days to take up their home in the Falling Creek orphanage, the ground for which was the gift of Capt. and Mrs. W. L. Kennedy, who reside nearby.

ELON'S 25TH SESSION OPENS SEPTEMBER 2ND.

Just 24 Years From Date of Opening of First Session.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Elon College, N. C., Aug. 31.—Elon College was chartered by the General Assembly of North Carolina on March 11, 1889, and opened its doors September 2, 1890. On that same date this year, its 25th annual session will begin. A quarter century has brought many changes and large progress, and on these things the oldest citizens of this college town delight to dwell with rich fulness of detail.

"Why, when we started the thing off here in 1890, the campus looked more like a sawmill yard than a grove," one of them said recently. "And we only had two buildings, and neither of them finished, and but three houses for citizens. They were hopeful, optimistic days, however, and out of their weakness and incompleteness has developed in a quarter century a plant worth $300,000 and here has foregathered from 17 different commonwealths a student body of nearly 400. I wish I could be here to see things 25 years from now."

Your correspondent is pleased to record not only an optimistic outlook from the standpoint of the citizens, but from the college office as well. President Harper feels confident that 400 students will enroll this year, in spite of poor crops and in spite of wars and rumors of wars. Last year 386 students came and this year 400 are expected, which is about the limit of Elon's dormitory accommodations.

DRINK THE AGENT OF AMERICAN LABORERS FALL.

Man Who Handles Large Numbers of Men Testifies Before Commission.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—"Drink is the agent which most frequently brings the American laborer to the stage where he must accept casual employment," F. S. Edinger, a contractor who deals with large bodies of unskilled workers, testified today before the Federal Industrial Relations Commission.

"We do not employ many native born Americans when we can do otherwise," he said. "The reason is that an efficient American workman usually can get a steady position. The class of Americans we have to take on our work generally is the kind we do not want. The cause of this inefficiency most often is drink."

The minimum amount required for actual living expenses was a question that today caused much discussion by different witnesses. Edinger said his firm found it impossible to meet expenses in boarding employees at $5.25 a week. F. M. Andreani, a member of the Italian consulate, testified that good board and room could be obtained here for $4.00 a week.

W. S. Wollner, of the Northwestern Pacific railway, said many seasonal workers wintered here on forty cents a day, paying ten cents for lodging and thirty cents for food.

WILSON'S VACATION OVER.

President Will Return to His Duties at White House Today.

Windsor, Vt., Aug. 31.—President Wilson tomorrow will end his short vacation, which began last Friday. He plans to leave Windsor at 2 P. M. arriving in Washington Wednesday morning.

The President virtually decided the ship registry question while here. Soon after his return he will issue an executive order suspending, probably three years, the provisions of the navigation laws requiring vessels flying the American flag to have mates and masters who are American citizens, and to be measured by Americans.

He has been assured that about 200 vessels now flying foreign flags will enter American registry as soon as he issues the executive order.

Before leaving for Washington tomorrow, he plans to go to Dartmouth College for a final game of golf.

CUTTER BEAR RETURNS WITHOUT LOST ONES.

Stranded Members of Arctic Party Still Upon Island.

Nome, Alaska, Aug. 31.—The revenue cutter Bear, which left Nome July 24, to rescue the 18 white men, three esquimaux men and one Esquimaux woman who found shelter on Wrangell Island after Stefansson's Canadian exploring ship Karluk had been wrecked last January, is returning to Nome without the castaways.

The Bear sent word ahead she ran short of coal and after coaling at Nome she again will set out for Wrangell Island. It is not known how near the Bear approached the castaways. It is believed the Bear does not know that the Russian ice breaking steamer Laimyr is seeking to rescue the Karluk refugees. The Laimyr is betted adapted for the work than the Bear.

PUT STAMP TAX ON BEER, BASEBALL TICKETS, ETC.

House Ways and Means Committee Considers Plans

To Raise Funds to Meet Decrease in Import Duties Caused by the War Between European Powers.—Message.

Washington, Aug. 31.—A stamp tax on soft drinks, as well as beer and patent medicines, is contemplated by members of the House Ways and Means Committee, which is preparing an emergency internal revenue bill to offset treasury losses due to curtailment of imports. It is urged that soft drinks are as much luxuries as wines or beer and that an equitable distribution of the tax burden among all consumers would be accomplished by this plan.

Another suggestion is a stamp tax of five or ten per cent on railroad tickets and admission to theatres, baseball parks and other licensed amusements. It is estimated that from $50,000,000 to $80,000,000 could be raised in this way.

The committee nas not yet determined upon a complete taxation plan, but purpose to hasten its deliberations so a bill may be introduced soon after President Wilson addresses Congress on the subject, which probably will be immediately upon his return from New Hampshire. Administration leaders are impressed with the necessity of quick action.

Democrats of the Senate will discuss the emergency in a party caucus to be called later this week.

A doubling of the present tax on beer, it is estimated by Treasury experts would produce $65,000,000.

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS IN MEETING AT WARSAW.

Convention of the Eastern Baptist Association a Success.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Warsaw, N. C., Aug. 31.—The Eastern Baptist Sunday School Association concluded last night one of the most successful conventions ever held by this association.

The convention convened here Friday morning with L. J. Carlton presiding. Rev. F. T. Collins, pastor of the Clinton Baptist church, delivered the introductory sermon using as his subject the word Organization,

Rev. H. L. Stewart delivered an eloquent talk in the afternoon on the Sunday School: 1, The Pastor; 2, The Superintendent; 3, Other Officers; 4, The Teacher; 5, The Church Members; covering the entire field in a masterful way, and explained the working of every detail in such a manner that his hearers will forever be more enlightened on the subject.

Rev. W. B. Oliver spoke on the subject of the big boy and how to deal with him, and gave some excellent advice which no doubt will be carried out alike by boy and parent.

J. H. Gorrell, Wake Forest, spoke on "The Superintendent in the Sunday School."

The study of the pupil by O. A. Herring concluded the programme for the first day.

Saturday morning the convention opened with Devotional services, which were followed by interesting talks by L. L. Johnson, B. G. Early, J. M. Alderman, J. H. Gorrell, R. H. Taylor, A. O. Moore, F. T. Collins, J. J. Best, C. E. Daniels, all of whom delivered interesting and helpful talks on the work of the Sunday school and its connection with things spiritual and physical.

Sunday was devoted to the following services: Devotional exercises. When is a Sunday School a Success? by Carlyle Powell; Teaching the Lesson, by W. L. Beach, and sermon by D. W. Herring, formerly of Sampson county, but who for the past several years has been serving in the missionary fields of China. Mr. Herring delivered an interesting sermon.

The September term of Duplin Superior court convened in Kenansville today for a three weeks docket of civil cases, Judge Frank Daniels, of Goldsboro presiding.

DIRECTUM I MAKES TWO NEW RECORDS.

Syracuse, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Directinm I, the chestnut stallion owned by James Butler, New York City, furnished the sensation of the opening day's programme at the grand circuit races today by making two new world's records and equalling the pacing race record of two minutes established by William at Grank Rapids earlier this season.

In winning the free for all pace valued at $5,000, Directum I, stepped the last two of three heats in two minutes flat, beating Frank Pogash in each and breaking the record of 2:00 1-2 established by Star Pointer at Springfield, Ill., in 1897. The average time of the winner gives him the world's race record for more than one heat.

Leila Patchen won the final event, the 2:13 pace after five heats. No horse won more than two heats, but because of the Syracuse conditions, the race terminated at the end of five heats.

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LOST — AUTOMOBILE LICENSE NO. 8406, between Wrightsville Beach and Ivanhoe, N. C. Please return for reward. Answer quick. C. R. Corbett, Ivanhoe, N. C. sel-1t*

CHOICE CUT ASTERS — 35 CENTS per dozen. Box of three dozen, $1, cash only, for this week. Mrs. L. P. Fowler, Florist; 'Phone 1423-J.; 202 Orange street. sel-1t*

NICE NEW HOME AT GREENFIELD Terrace for rent. Call F. A. Lord; 'Phone 766. sel-1t

WANTED—A HIGH GRADE PRODUCE salesman. An exceptional opportunity for the right party. Call after 1 P. M. Hotel Orton. A. D. Newcomb. sel-1t*

EXTRA CHOICE BEEF, VEAL, LAMB and pork. All kinds of fresh vegetables. Fruits and fancy groceries. Raw and boiled ham, sliced bacon. We will appreciate your business. Quick delivery. Palace Market, 108 So. Front street. 'Phone 72. sel-tf

DR. J. W. POWELL WISHES TO ANNOUNCE the removal of his dental offices to the new Murchison Bank building, where he will be pleased to have his friends call. Second floor. sel-30t

FOR RENT — ONE FURNISHED BED room or three unfurnished rooms; electric lights, bath, etc., over Sasser's Drug Store, corner Eighth and Market streets. sel-2t*

FOR RENT — IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, 421 South Fourth street, 9 rooms; 808 South Seventh, 4 rooms, sewerage and water free; 813 S. Sixth st., four rooms; 614 South Second; 1122 Market, six rooms, in good order; 814 S. Eighth, 5 rooms; 213 N. Ninth, three rooms. See M. C. Darby & Co., Agents, 114 1-2 Princess. sel-2t

FOR RENT —FROM OCTOBER THE first, part of private residence in choice locality. Gas, water, electricity. Address "Home," care Star. sel-2t*

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms in bungalow. Electric lights, 'phone and bath, at Villa View, Wrightsville Sound. Cars stop in front of house. 'Phone call 7515-J. sel-2t

POSITION WANTED BY YOUNG MAN as billing clerk, shipping clerk, collector or most any clerical office position. Can give best of references. Address "Reference," care Star. sel-1t*

FORD CAR FOR SALE — I HAVE A practically new Touring car, bought for a certain purpose and can't use it for same. Address P. O. Box 348. sel-1t*

C. R. NOEL, HEATING AND VENT-ilating Expert, now at Southern Hotel. Consult me if your heater or furnace is giving unsatisfactory service. Work guaranteed. sel-2t*

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JUDGMENTS FOR SALE—I AM AU-thorized to sell at considerable discount, judgments aggregating $173 against the Germania Manufacturing Company, of Wilmington, N. C., in favor of E. H. Fuhr and W. B. Grice. J. Felton Head, Attorney. au30-7t

FOR RENT—IMMEDIATE POSSES-sion, 421 South Front, 9 rooms; 808 S. Seventh, 4 rooms, sewerage and water free; 813 S. Sixth, four rooms; 614 South Second; 1122 Market, six rooms in good order; 814 S. Eighth, 5 rooms; 213 N. Ninth, three rooms. See M. C. Darby & Co., Agent, 114 1-2 Princess street. au 30-2t.

FOR RENT — OCTOBER 1ST, AN UP-stairs apartment of either three or four rooms, back porch, use of telephone if desired. Electric lights and gas. Strictly modern. Four blocks from Union station. Address "Apartment," care Star. au27-tf

FOR SALE — MIXED NAILS IN ANY quantity desired, at only one cent a pound, at our machinery yard. Wilmington Iron Works. au29-7t

FOR RENT — FROM OCT. 1ST, THREE story brick store, No. 18 South Front street. See M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate. au27-tf

UPTOWN OFFICE IN THE CAROLINA Apartment House, Market and Fifth streets, suitable for doctor, dentist, osteopath or any office work. Several hundred people pass into this building each day and many additional hundred pass this corner. Rent very reasonable to desirable party. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. au30-3t.

FOR RENT—THAT PART OF SOUTH-ern Hotel over Hewlett & Price's for rent. Possession given October 1st. Can make arrangements to rent furnished. For full particulars, apply to James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. au30-3t

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DESIRABLE HOMES FOR RENT—NO. 520 Dock street, 12 rooms, 121 South 7th street, 8 rooms; No. 415 Campbell street, 8 rooms; 319 So. 5th street, 8 rooms; 223 So. 2nd street, 6 rooms; 419 Walnut street, 7 rooms; No. 219 So. 5th street, 3 rooms. See James Owen Reilly, Fire Insurance and Real Estate. au29-4t

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FOR SALE—A PAIR OF GOOD draught horses, first class condition, also two heavy wagons and harness. Will take in exchange real estate. U. A. Underwood. au25-tf

REDUCED OFFICE RENT IN THE Maffitt's Marine Wireless Building, Northeast corner Water and Princess streets. See C. D. Maffitt, Room No. 10; 'Phone 112. au25-tf

BUTTER—PROTECT YOUR HEALTH by purchasing "Catawba Gem" Butter, packed in sanitary cartons containing one pound. Independent Ice Co., Distributors. au11-tf

FOR SALE — HOUSE AND LOT, 107 South 7th street. New and modern. For a quick sale, $3,500.00. See M. C. Darby & Co., Sole Agents. au20-tf

WAR DID NOT AFFECT UNCLE Charlie's prices on leather goods or G. & S. trunks. 'Phone 642, or call No. 6, South Front St. au18-tf

NOTICE—HAVE YOUR TIRES RE-paired at the Auto Repair Co., No. 211 North 2nd street. Full stock of tires and supplies always on hand. jy29-tf

NOTICE—THE CAPPS-GRIFFITH Plumbing Co., has just received a car load of Warm Air Furnaces. Get ready for the cold weather. For metal roofing, slate or plumbing, see Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. jy23-tr

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